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A story of success.

When TriOS Mess- und Datentechnik GmbH was founded in 1998, the further development path was not foreseeable. With the R&D project funded under the project name RAMSES by the BMBF (Federal Ministry of Education and Research), the foundation stone for a success story in optical measurement technology was laid during the founding phase of TriOS GmbH. RAMSES was the first spectral-resolution light measurement instrument available on the market for use in marine research.

Today, the product name „RAMSES“ is synonymous with compact, robust and reliable light measurements, with over a thousand instruments in use worldwide - the clear No. 1 in the world. The instruments are routinely used to measure light distribution in the water column as well as for validation and calibration of advanced environmental satellite data (e.g. MERIS). The sensors have proven their reliability in many adverse environmental conditions, such as in Antarctica, but also in unusual locations such as offshore racing yachts in the Volvo Ocean Race. Many Norwegian vacationers accompany the devices, even if certainly not consciously perceived, on their journey along the fjords on the ships of the Hurtigruten.

Today, the former university spin-off, which has been managed by Rüdiger Heuermann alone since 2000, has become a leading company in the field of optical immersion sensors.

In addition to the original RAMSES radiometers, the TriOS product range has expanded visibly. Innovative measuring instruments for algae detection, for the measurement of smallest amounts of oil in water, the reagent-free determination of nutrients and organic substances followed, whereby the business field of TriOS Mess- und Datentechnik GmbH has expanded far beyond the field of marine technology into water quality, drinking water and wastewater monitoring and many industrial applications. Among other things, TriOS is one of the leading companies in the field of oil-in-water monitoring and thus makes a significant contribution to reducing environmental pollution caused by oil discharges.

With the expansion of the product range and the increase in the number of units produced, the need for production space and qualified employees grew. Thus, the move to the newly built company headquarters in Rastede took place in July 2011. This laid the foundation for significantly increasing the vertical range of manufacture by means of in-



house CNC machining, modern PCB assembly and device production, and thus having all quality-relevant processes in-house. In 2019, the company premises were also expanded with additional warehouse and production buildings to meet the enormous market demand. Equipped with state-of-the-art technology, this has also allowed development to grow and deepen in-house. Almost all TriOS products thus rightly bear the status „Made in Germany“. TriOS has remained true to its drive for innovation. One of the latest TriOS products on the market is the EGC Water Analyzer - a measuring cabinet for determining various parameters in wash



water from exhaust gas scrubbers on ships. It can be equipped with three types of sensors: the enviroFlu for PAH, the TTurb for turbidity and the TpH-D for pH. In addition, the flow rate, temperature as well as the turbidity-corrected PAH value can be determined.

In addition, novel sensors for environmentally relevant parameters are currently being developed in several research projects in cooperation with universities and research institutes. Many of our customers are also partners in the development of new products.

My special thanks, also on behalf of all TriOS

employees, go to these partners, without whom TriOS would not exist in its current form.

Rüdiger Heuermann
Managing Director

PHOTOMETER

OPUS

12SXXXXX0



OPUS is the new generation of spectral sensors for online measurement of nitrogen and carbon compounds. Through the analysis of a full spectrum,

OPUS is able to deliver reliable readings for $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$, $\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$, organic ingredients (COD_{eq} , BOD_{eq} , DOC_{eq} , TOC_{eq}), and a number of other parameters.

Benefits



- ◆ Without sampling and preparation of test samples
- ◆ Real-time sensor
- ◆ Without reagents
- ◆ Optical window with nano coating
- ◆ Pre-installed application calibration

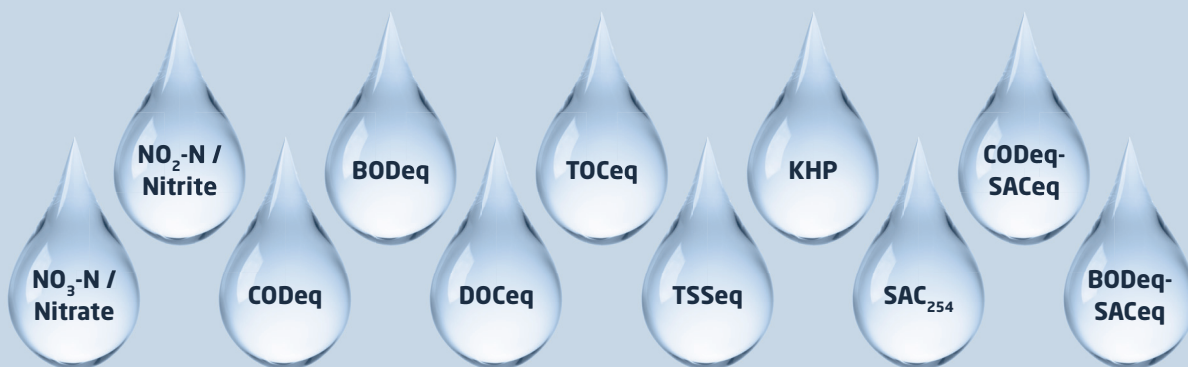
Applications



- ◆ Sewage treatment plants
- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water monitoring
- ◆ Industrial applications

Parameter

Measuring range → Page108



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---|--|
| Measurement technology | light source | Xenon flash lamp | |
| | detector | High-end miniature spectrometer | |
| | | 256 Channels | |
| | | 200 to 360 nm | |
| | | 0.8 nm/pixel | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation, spectral analysis | |
| Optical path | | 0.3 mm, 1 mm, 2 mm, 5 mm, 10 mm, 50 mm | |
| Parameter | | NO ₃ -N/Nitrate, NO ₂ -N/Nitrite, CODEq, BODEq, DOCEq, TOCEq, TSSeq, KHP, SAC254, COD-SACeq, BOD-SACeq and more | |
| Measuring range | | See parameter list p. 108 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | See parameter list p. 108 | |
| Turbidity compensation | | Yes | |
| Data logger | | ~ 2 GB | |
| T100 response time | | 2 min | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 1 min | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404), titanium (3.7035), Deep Sea Version: titanium (3.7035) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 470 mm x 48 mm (10 mm path) Deep Sea Version: ~ 511 x 59 mm | ~ 18.5" x 1.9" (with 10 mm path) Deep Sea Version: ~ 20.1" x 2.3" |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 3 kg (with 10 mm path) | ~ 6.6 lbs (with 10 mm path) |
| | titanium | ~ 2 kg Deep Sea Version: ~ 4 kg | ~ 4.4 lbs Deep Sea Version: ~ 8.8 lbs |
| | | | |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 8 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Maintenance effort | | ≤ 0.5 h/month (typical) | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU: 2 years) | US: 2 years |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar Deep Sea Version: 600 bar | ~ 435 psig Deep Sea Version: ~ 8702.26 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig at 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| | | | |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

OPUS aero

12SXXXXXX



OPUS aero is the new generation of spectral sensors for online measurement of nitrate and nitrite in wastewater aeration tank. By analyzing a

complete spectrum, OPUS aero is able to provide reliable readings for either $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ only or $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$ and $\text{NO}_2\text{-N}$, depending on the calibration.

Benefits



- ◆ Without sampling and preparation of test samples
- ◆ Real-time sensor
- ◆ Without reagents
- ◆ Optical window with nano coating
- ◆ Pre-installed application calibration

Applications



- ◆ Wastewater aeration tank

Parameter

Measuring range → Page108



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| Measurement technology | light source | Xenon flash lamp | |
| | detector | High-end miniature spectrometer | |
| | | 256 Channels | |
| | | 200 to 360 nm | |
| | | 0.8 nm/pixel | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation, spectral analysis | |
| Optical path | | 0.3 mm, 1 mm, 2 mm | |
| Parameter | | NO ₃ -N/Nitrate or NO ₃ -N/Nitrate + NO ₂ -N/Nitrite | |
| Measuring range | | See parameter list p.108 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | ± (5 % + 0.1) | |
| Turbidity compensation | | Yes | |
| Data logger | | ~ 2 GB | |
| T100 response time | | 2 min | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 1 min | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 470 mm x 48 mm | ~ 18.5“ x 1.9“ |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 3 kg | ~ 6.6 lbs |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 8 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Maintenance effort | | ≤ 0.5 h/month (typical) | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU: 2 years) | USA: 2 years |
| Max. pressure | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig at 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

NICO

15SXXXXXX



Based on the innovative instrument platform concept of TriOS, on which OPUS, LISA and VIPER, among others, are based, NICO is a cost-effective UV photometer for nitrate determination. The three detection channels provide precise optical nitrate determination by absorption, taking into account tur-

bidity and organics, which are a problem with many products currently on the market.

An internal temperature correction additionally increases the stability of the measured values.

Benefits



- ◆ Proven UV-absorption method
- ◆ Without sampling and preparation of test samples
- ◆ Real-time sensor
- ◆ Without reagents
- ◆ Optical window with nano coating

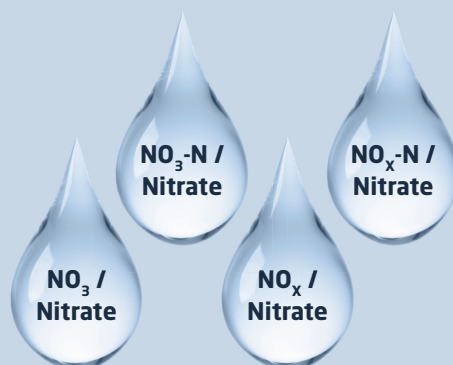
Applications



- ◆ Sewage treatment plants
- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water monitoring

Parameter

Measuring range → Page 112



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Measurement-technology | light source | Xenon flash lamp | |
| | detector | 4 photo diodes + filter | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation | |
| Optical path | | 0.3 mm, 1 mm, 2 mm, 5 mm, 10 mm, 50 mm | |
| Parameters | | NO ₃ -N/Nitrate, NO ₃ /Nitrate, NO _x -N/Nitrate, NO _x /Nitrate (calibrated with NO ₃ standard solution) | |
| Measurement range | 1 mm path | 0.5...60 mg/L NO ₃ -N | |
| | 10 mm path | 0.05...6 mg/L NO ₃ -N | |
| Measurement accuracy | | ± (5 % + 0.1 mg/L NO ₃ -N) with 10 mm path ± (5 % + 1 mg/L NO ₃ -N) with 1 mm path | |
| Turbidity compensation | | Yes | |
| Data Logger | | ~ 2 GB | |
| Reaction time T100 | | 20 s | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 10 s | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404), titanium (3.7035), | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 470 mm x 48 mm (10 mm path) | ~ 18.5" x 1.9" (with 10 mm path) |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 3 kg | ~ 6.6 lbs |
| | titanium | ~ 2 kg | ~ 4.4 lbs |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 7 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Required supervision | | Typically ≤ 0.5 h/month | |
| Calibration / maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU: 2 years) | US: 2 years |
| Max. pres-sure | with Subconn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig at 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 to 33 fps |

NICO plus

16AXX10X0



As a new all-rounder, NICO plus not only offers the parameters $\text{NO}_3\text{-N}$, NO_3 , $\text{NO}_x\text{-N}$ and NO_x previously known from NICO, but has now been expanded to include numerous parameters. These include UVT_{254} ,

$\text{UVT}_{254\text{n}}$, SAK_{254} , CSB_{eq} , BSB_{eq} , TOC_{eq} , DOC_{eq} , turbidity and TSS_{eq} .

An internal temperature correction additionally increases the stability of the measured values.

Benefits



- ◆ Proven UV-absorption method
- ◆ Without sampling and preparation of test samples
- ◆ Real-time sensor
- ◆ Without reagents
- ◆ Optical window with nano coating

Applications



- ◆ Sewage treatment plants
- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water monitoring

Parameter

Measuring range → Page 112



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Measurement technology | light source | Xenon flash lamp | |
| | detector | 4 photo diodes + filter | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation | |
| Optical path | | 0.3 mm, 1 mm, 2 mm, 5 mm, 10 mm, 20 mm, 50 mm | |
| Parameters | | NO ₃ -N/Nitrate, NO ₃ /Nitrate, NO _x -N/Nitrate, NO _x /Nitrate, UVT254, UVT254n, SAC254, CODEq, BODEq, TOCeq, DOCeq, Turb, TSSeq | |
| Measurement range | | See parameter list p.112 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | ± (5 % + 2-fold detection limit) | |
| Turbidity compensation | | Yes | |
| Data Logger | | ~ 2 GB | |
| Reaction time T100 | | 20 s | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 10 s | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 470 x 48 mm (with 10 mm path) | ~ 18.5“ x 1.9“ (with10 mm path) |
| Weight | VA | ~ 3 kg | ~ 6.6 lbs |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 7 W | |
| Power supply | | 12 – 24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Required supervision | | Typically ≤ 0.5 h/month | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & USA: 2 years) | USA: 2 years |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig at 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 to 33 fps |

LISA UV

14SXXXXX0



Long-lasting and energy-efficient UV-LED technology and a robust design are the outstanding features of LISA UV. Like all TriOS sensors LISA uses the unique nanocoated windows combined with compressed air flushing to achieve long operating times without cleaning.

The optical path length can be adapted to the application at any time by various adapters. An automatic turbidity compensation is carried out via a second measuring channel.

Through application-specific correlation LISA UV can be configured for direct output of BOD_{eq} , COD_{eq} , TOC_{eq} and UVT.

Benefits



- ◆ Without sampling and preparation of test samples
- ◆ Real-time sensor
- ◆ Without reagents
- ◆ Optical window with nano coating
- ◆ LED technology

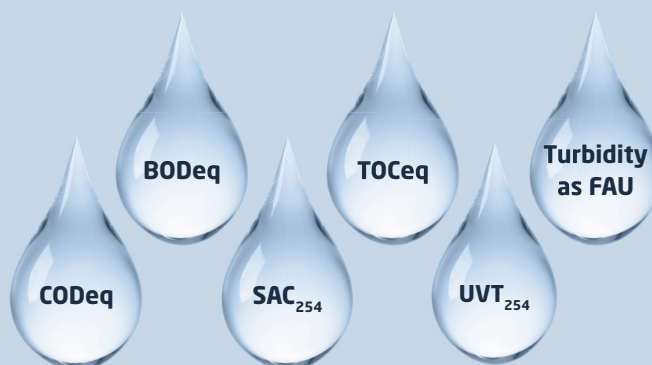
Applications



- ◆ Sewage treatment plants
- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water
- ◆ Monitoring of UV-disinfection systems

Parameter

Measuring range → Page 110



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Measurement technology | light source | 2 LED (254 nm, 530 nm) | |
| | detector | Photo diode + filter | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation, Transmission | |
| Optical path | | 1 mm, 2 mm, 5 mm, 10 mm, 50 mm | |
| Parameter | | SAC ₂₅₄ , COD _{eq} , BOD _{eq} , TOC _{eq} , UVT | |
| Measuring range | | See parameter list p.110 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | 0.2 % FS (Full Scale) | |
| Turbidity compensation | | at 530 nm | |
| Data logger | | ~ 2 MB | |
| T100 response time | | 4 s | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 2 s | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | 300 mm x 48 mm (bei 10 mm Pfad) | ~ 11.8" x 1.9" (with 10 mm path) |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 2.3 kg (with 10 mm path) | ~ 5.1 lbs (with 10 mm path) |
| | titanium | ~ 2.1 kg (with 10 mm path) | ~ 4.6 lbs (with 10 mm path) |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| | analog | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | 4...20 mA | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 1 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Maintenance effort | | ≤ 0,5 h/month (typical) | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU or: Analog Out (4...20 mA) | |
| Warranty | | 1 Jahr (EU: 2 years) | US: 2 years |
| INSTALLATION | | | |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig at 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

VIPER

17SXXXXX0



VIPER measures spectrally resolved attenuation in the wavelength range between 360 nm and 720 nm and thus allows the detailed determination of several parameters at the same time. 5 selected and energy-saving LEDs serve as the light source, ensuring stable measurement data and a long service life. VIPER can be used in a wide variety of media, as it is available in several path lengths and in both

stainless steel and titanium. Applications for VIPER include water monitoring, colour measurement of aqueous solutions or quality monitoring of drinking water. Like every TriOS sensor, VIPER is equipped with nano-coated optical windows to prevent dirt build-up. Additional parameters can be installed later using software, if necessary.

Benefits



- ◆ without sampling and sample preparation
- ◆ without delay
- ◆ without reagents
- ◆ optical windows with nanocoating
- ◆ LED technology

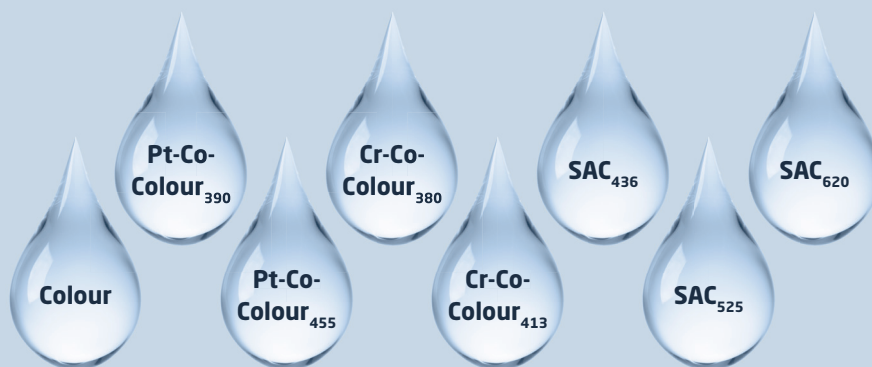
Applications



- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water monitoring
- ◆ Colour measurement
- ◆ Quality assurance
- ◆ Petrochemistry

Parameter

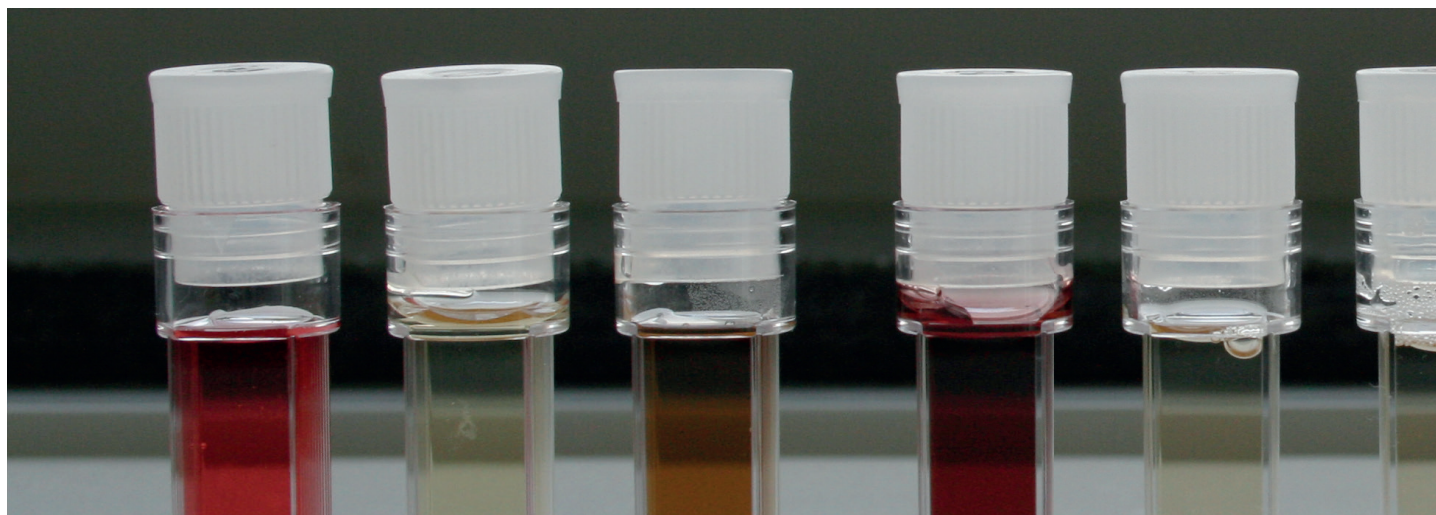
Measuring range → Page109



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| Measure-ment tech-nology | light source | 5 LED | |
| | detector | High-end miniature spectrometer, 256 channels 360 to 750 nm, 2.2 nm/pixel | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation | |
| Optical path | | 10 mm, 50 mm, 100 mm, 150 mm, 250 mm | |
| Parameter | | SAC ₄₃₆ , SAC ₅₂₅ , SAC ₆₂₀ | |
| | | Pt-Co color scale (APHA/Hazen) (390 nm, 455 nm) | |
| | | Colouring based on DIN EN ISO 7887-C (410 nm, 436 nm, 525 nm, 620 nm) | |
| | | Cr-Co color scale (380 nm, 413 nm) | |
| Measuring range | | 0.01...2.5 AU (absorption units) | |
| Measurement accuracy | | < 0.2 % | |
| Turbidity compensation | | Yes | |
| Data logger | | ~ 2 GB | |
| T100 response time | | 2 min | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 1 min | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | 495 mm x 48 mm (with 50 mm path) | ~ 19.5" x 1.9" (with 50 mm path) |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 2.4 kg (with 50 mm path) | ~ 5.3 lbs (with 50 mm path) |
| | titanium | ~ 1.3 kg (with 50 mm path) | ~ 2.9 lbs (with 50 mm path) |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 3 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Maintenance effort | | ≤ 0.5 h/month (typical) | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU: 2 years) | US: 2 years |
| Max. pres-sure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1.0 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |



Colour Measurement

VIPER is an in-situ VIS spectrophotometer to determine the colour of liquids. In addition to the hyperspectral recording of spectra (2.2 nm/pixel), various colour numbers can be determined. This enables standardized, safe and objective measurements. Time-consuming and expensive sampling is eliminated by in-situ measurements. What's more, variations over a whole day can be recorded.

SAC₄₃₆ (DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04)

Spectral absorption coefficients at 436 nm are designated SAC₄₃₆. It represents the light attenuation of an aqueous sample with a layer thickness of 1 m and a wavelength of 436 nm. The yellow to brown colour ranges that occur in coloured water have the highest light attenuation at 436 nm, which is why for example the colouring is determined according to drinking water regulations at this wavelength.

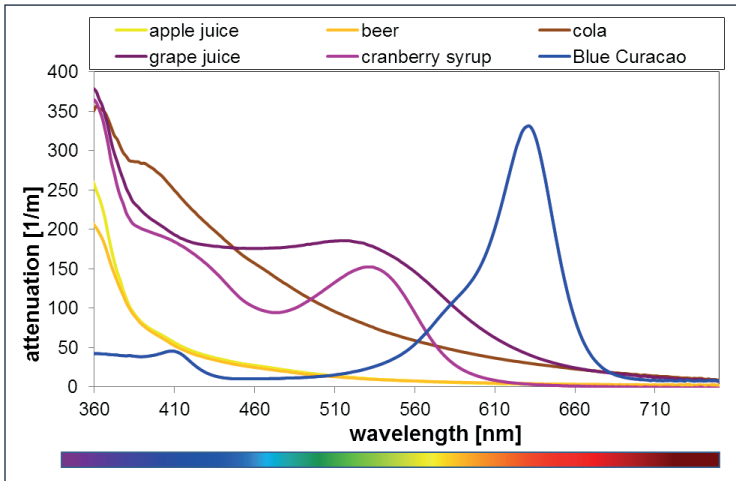
VIPER compensates for any turbidity when determining SAC₄₃₆.

Depending on the customer's request, SACs in the entire wavelength range (such as SAC₅₂₅, SAC₆₂₀) can be determined, or individual opacity adjustments can be made.

Pt-Co colour scale (Hazen/APHA) (DIN EN ISO 6271:2016-05)

The Pt-Co colour number records the range from colourless (<1) to light yellow to orange (500). The colour number is defined via a standard solution of hexachloroplatinate in acidic salt water and specified in mg/L Pt.

The Pt-Co colour number is calculated using the turbidity corrected attenuation at 455 nm or 390 nm.

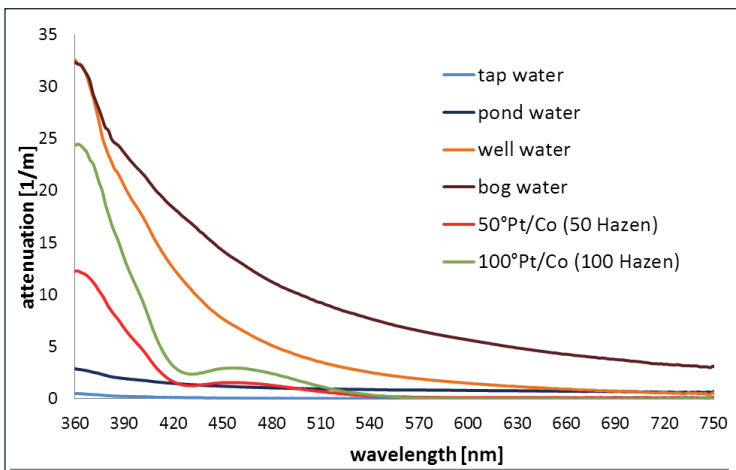


Colouring

VIPER enables hyperspectral measurements of the colour of each liquid.

This also allows the differentiation of colours that are perceived immediately, but consist of different colour mixes.

The diagram on the left shows examples from the beverage industry.



VIPER: Attenuation spectrum

Subsequent calculation of colour numbers is also possible thanks to the storage of spectra. VIPER therefore enables several colour numbers to be simultaneously calculated from a spectrum. In addition to the above colour numbers, the device can determine the Cr-Co colour number (Russian grade) in accordance with GOST 3351-74, which is interesting for the Russian market. Please contact us for any special applications. We will be happy to help.

LISA color

5XSXXXXX0



Colorimetry – LISA enables reliable low-cost colour measurements. The LISA color uses two different LEDs for long-term stable measurement of the SAC or color at different wavelengths. The second channel is used for turbidity/background correction. The cutting-edge device platform, used in all other TriOS photometers, enables optical path lengths

of 50, 100, 150, and 250 mm, so that almost any application can be easily implemented.

With the optional titanium housing, the LISA color can also be used for applications in aggressive media (e.g. high chloride concentrations).

Benefits



- ◆ Low investment
- ◆ Low maintenance (nano coating, air blast cleaning)
- ◆ Simple integration into third-party systems
- ◆ Robust housing

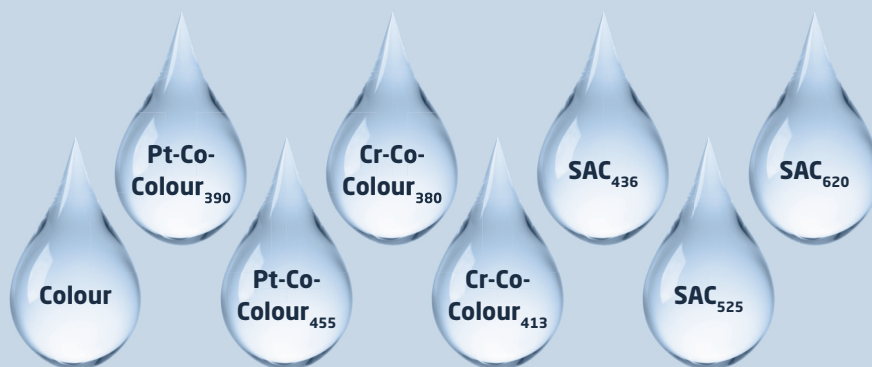
Applications



- ◆ Environmental monitoring
- ◆ Drinking water monitoring
- ◆ Industrial applications

Parameter (only one parameter measurable)

Measuring range → Page111



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|--|------------------|--|---------------------------------|
| Measurement technology | Light source | 2 LEDs | |
| | Detector | Photodiode | |
| Measurement principle | | Attenuation, transmission | |
| Optical path | | 50 mm, 100 mm, 150 mm, 250 mm | |
| Parameters (only one parameter measurable) | | SAC ₄₃₆ , SAC ₅₂₅ , SAC ₆₂₀ | |
| | | or Color (based on DIN EN ISO 7887 (410 nm, 436nm, 525 nm, 620 nm) | |
| | | or Pt-Co color number (APHA/Hazen) (390 nm or 455 nm) | |
| | | or Cr-Co color number (380 nm or 413 nm) | |
| Measurement range | | See parameter list p.111 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | 0.5 % | |
| Turbidity compensation | | yes, 740 nm | |
| Data logger | | ~ 2 MB | |
| Reaction time T100 | | 4 s | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 2 s | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | 340 mm x 48 mm (for 50-mm path) | ~ 13.4" x 1.9" (for 50-mm path) |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 2.4 kg (for 50-mm path) | ~ 5.3 lbs (for 50-mm path) |
| | titanium | ~ 1.3 kg (for 50-mm path) | ~ 2.9 lbs (for 50-mm path) |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| | analog | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | | 4...20 mA | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 1 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Required supervision | | typically ≤ 0,5 hours per month | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| | | Analog out (4...20 mA) | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) | |
| Max. pressure | with Subconn | 30 bars | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bars | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

The TriOS G2-Interface



The rapid change in the way we communicate and interact with technology has been evident not only since the ubiquitous spread of smartphones. This development is also having more and more influence on measurement technology. To meet these requirements, TriOS has developed the innovative

G2 interface concept which, in addition to a very flexible connection to process control systems and data acquisition systems, also enables intuitive configuration and operation using operating system-independent web browsers.



All G2 sensors are equipped with an internal memory. This enables the storage of all measurement data and events. The easiest way to establish a connection to the G2 sensors is to use the G2 interface box (with or without WiFi module). The box is used for establishing the connection as well as for the power supply and can be used universally for all TriOS G2 sensors.

Three steps into the TriOS G2 interface

1. Connect

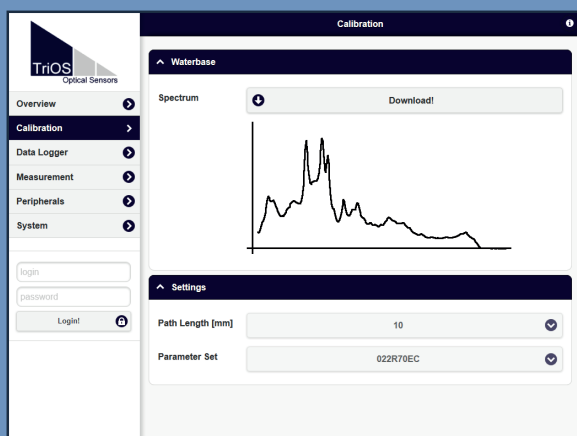


2. Open browser



3. Enter URL

<http://192.168.77.1/> oder http://OPUS_7063



Measurement

Parameter

| Parameter | Raw Value | Offset | Formula | Scaling | Scaled Value |
|------------------|-----------|--------|---------|---------|--------------|
| CODeq [mg/l] | 1.18 | 0 | | 1 | 1.18 |
| DOCeq [mg/l] | 24.7 | 0 | | 1 | 24.7 |
| N-NO3 [mg/l] | 1.47 | 0 | | 1 | 1.47 |
| Abs210 [AU] | 2.01 | 0 | | 1 | 2.01 |
| Abs254 [AU] | 0.757 | 0 | | 1 | 0.757 |
| Abs360 [AU] | 0.305 | 0 | | 1 | 0.305 |
| COD_SACeq [mg/l] | 65.9 | 0 | | 1 | 65.9 |
| SAC254 [1/m] | 45.1 | 0 | | 1 | 45.1 |
| SQI [1] | 1 | 0 | | 1 | 1 |
| TSSeq [mg/l] | 79.4 | 0 | | 1 | 79.4 |

more

FLUOROMETER

enviroFlu

30SXXXXX0



enviroFlu-HC is a new generation of immersion probes for measuring oil-in-water. The measuring principle of UV fluorescence used is far more sensitive than the conventionally used infrared scattering or absorption methods. This makes it possible to determine even the smallest traces of PAHs, e.g. in drinking water, but also in cooling water condensates. The field of application ranges from petrochemistry, leakage detection in cooling and

waste water streams to environmental monitoring. The devices can be used stationary in manholes, in the flow or in pipelines, as well as portable, using an optional hand-held measuring device. A new type of coating reduces soiling of the optical measuring windows and thus reduces the required maintenance to a minimum.

Benefits



- ◆ without sampling and sample preparation
- ◆ without delay
- ◆ without reagents
- ◆ optical windows with nanocoating
- ◆ high sensitivity and selectivity

Applications



- ◆ Drinking water
- ◆ Waste water
- ◆ Airports
- ◆ Cooling water
- ◆ Flue gas scrubbing
- ◆ Refineries
- ◆ Pipeline monitoring
- ◆ Desalination plants

Parameter



Technical Specifications



Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

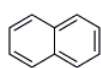
Accessories

Systems

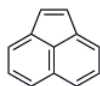
| | | | |
|---|------------------------|--|---|
| Measurement technology | Light source | Xenon flash lamp + filter (254 nm) | |
| | Detector | Photodiode + filter (360 nm) | |
| Measurement principle | | Fluorescence | |
| Parameters | | PAH, oil in water | |
| Measurement range | enviroFlu HC (MB) 500 | PAH: 0...50 ppb, 0...500 ppb, Oil: 0...1.5 ppm, 0...15 ppm typ. | |
| | enviroFlu HC (MB) 5000 | PAH: 0...500 ppb, 0...5000 ppb Oil: 0...15 ppm, 0...150 ppm typ. | |
| | enviroFlu BT | 0...1000 ppb, 0...10 000 ppb | |
| Detection limit | | enviroFlu HC (MB) 500 0.3 ppb enviroFlu HC (MB) 5000 0.5 ppb | |
| Measurement accuracy | | ± 5 % FS* | |
| Reproducibility | | ≤ 0.5 % FS* | |
| Turbidity compensation | | No (only possible via TTurb on the TriBox3) | |
| Data logger | | no | |
| Reaction time T100 | | ≤ 10 s | |
| Measurement interval | | ≥ 5 s | |
| Interface | enviroFlu HC | Digital: RS-232 (TriOS Protocol) Analog: 4...20 mA, 0...5 V | |
| | enviroFlu HC MB | Digital: RS-485 (Modbus RTU) Analog: nicht vorhanden | |
| | enviroFlu BT | Digital: RS-232 (TriOS Protocol) Analog: 4...20 mA, 0...5 V | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 3.5 W | |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Required supervision | | Typically ≤ 0.5 h/month | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months, the manufacturer calibration can be increased to 4-5 years when used with associated DryCAL-Set | |
| System compatibility | | analog out (0...5 VDC, 4...20 mA) | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU: 2 years) | US: 2 years |
| Material | Housing | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) DeepSea version: titanium (3.7035) | |
| | Measuring head | black POM with synthetic quartz glass DeepSea version: Cover titanium, pressure ring POM Acid-resistant version: PPS | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | 311 mm x 68 mm DeepSea version: 314 x 78 mm | ~12.2" x 2.6" Deep sea version: ~ 12.4" x 3.1" |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 2.7 kg | ~ 6 lbs |
| | titanium | ~ 1.9 kg DeepSea version: ~ 3.9 kg | ~ 4.2 lbs DeepSea version: ~ 8.6 lbs |

| | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|--|---|
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bars | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| | Deepsea version | 600 bar | ~ 8702.2 psig |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | -5...+55 °C (2...+40 °C for specified accuracy) | ~ +23 °F to +131 °F (~ 32 °F to 104 °F for specified accuracy) |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |
| Max. immersion depth | | 300 m with SubConn 8-pin underwater connector | ~ 984 ft with SubConn 8-pin underwater connector |
| | | 30 m with fixed cable | ~ 98.4 ft with fixed cable |
| | | optional: 6000 m Deepsea version | optional: ~ 19685.04 ft Deepsea version |

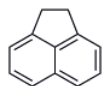
* FS: Full Scale \triangle Measurement Range



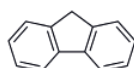
Naphtalene



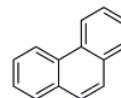
Acenaphtylene



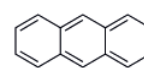
Acenaphtene



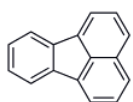
Fluorene



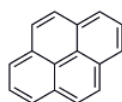
Phenanthrene



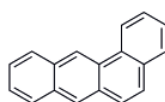
Anthracene



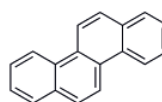
Fluoranthene



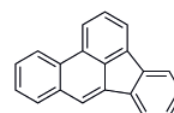
Pyrene



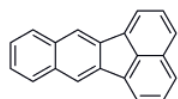
Benzo[a]anthracene



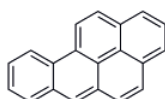
Crysene



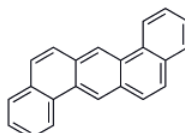
Benzo[b]fluoranthene



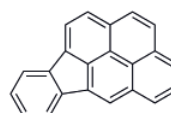
Benzo(k)fluoranthene



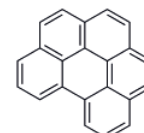
Benzo[a]pyrene



Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene



Ideno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene



Benzo(g,h,i)perylene



nanoFlu

30SXXXXX0



nanoFlu fluorometers are low-priced, submersible miniaturized fluorometers for the highly precise, selective measurement of cdom (coloured dissolved organic matter, yellow substances), chlorophyll a, phycocyanin in cyanobacteria, rhodamine or fluorescein. Long-term stability of measurements is ensured by the combination of low power consumption and innovative coating of the optical window, as an energy efficient and environmentally friendly antifouling solution. The devices can be used in diverse ap-

plications for the monitoring of sea and river waters, as well as in drinking and wastewater treatment systems. Internal reference signals of the high performance LEDs used for fluorescence excitation compensate ageing effects and temperature influences.

The nanoFlu features the new TriOS G2 interface, allowing fast and easy configuration of sensors by using a web browser. Integration into existing process control systems and external data loggers has never been easier.

Benefits



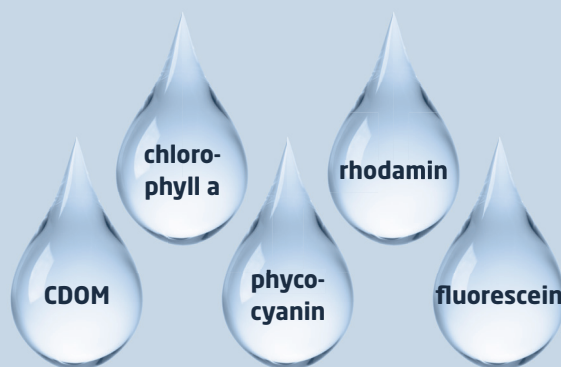
- ◆ High sensitivity
- ◆ Nano-coating
- ◆ Fast data acquisition
- ◆ Electronic light compensation
- ◆ Low power consumption

Applications



- ◆ Surface water
- ◆ Bathing lakes
- ◆ Drinking water production and treatment
- ◆ Raw water treatment
- ◆ Environmental monitoring

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | |
|---|-----------------|---|
| Measurement technology | Light source | LED |
| | Detector | Photodiode |
| Measurement principle | | Fluorescence |
| Parameters | | CDOM [µg/L] with 0...200 µg/L |
| | | or chlorophyll a [µg/L] with 0...200 µg/L or 0...500 µg/L |
| | | or phycocyanin [µg/L] with 0...200 µg/L or 0...500 µg/L |
| | | or rhodamine [µg/L] with 0...200 µg/L |
| | | or fluorescein [µg/L] with 0...200 µg/L |
| Measurement range | | 0...200 µg/L or 0...500 µg/L |
| Measurement accuracy | | ± 5 % |
| Turbidity compensation | | no |
| Data logger | | no |
| Reaction time T100 | | 6 s |
| Measurement interval | | 3 s |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) or POM |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | 171 mm x 36 mm |
| Weight | stainless steel | 0.5 kg |
| | titanium | 0.4 kg |
| | POM | 0.27 kg |
| Interface | digital | Ethernet (TCP/IP) |
| | | RS-232 or RS-485 (Modbus RTU) |
| Power consumption | typical | < 1 W |
| | with network | < 1.6 W |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) |
| Required supervision | | typically ≤ 0,5 hours per month |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) |

microFlu V2

37SX0XX1X



microFlu V2 fluorometers are submersible miniature fluorometers for highly precise and selective measurement of tryptophan, cdom, blue-green algae or chlorophyll. The combination of low power consumption and innovative coating of the measurement windows as an energy and environmentally neutral antifouling solution ensures long-term stability of the measurements. The instruments can be used in a wide range of applications for monitoring seawater, river

water, drinking water and wastewater. Internal reference measurements of the high-power LED used for fluorescence excitation compensate for aging effects and temperature influences. microFlu V2 is equipped with a RS-485 interface, which enables allows easy and fast sensor configuration via Modbus. Integration into existing process control systems and external data loggers has never been easier.

Benefits



- ◆ without delay
- ◆ without reagents
- ◆ high sensitivity and selectivity
- ◆ optical windows with nanocoating
- ◆ electronic daylight compensation

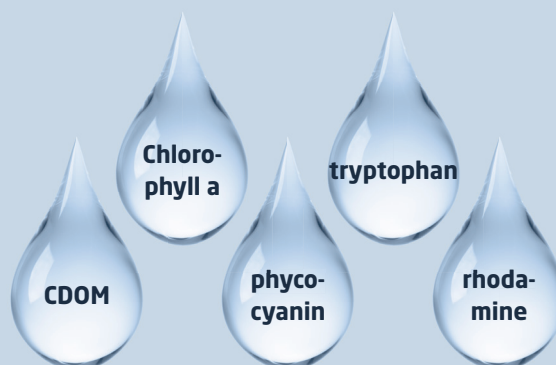
Applications



- ◆ Surface waters
- ◆ Bathing lakes
- ◆ Drinking water treatment
- ◆ Raw water treatment
- ◆ Environmental monitoring

Parameter

Measuring range → Page112



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|--|---------------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Measurement technology | Light source | LED + Filter | |
| | Detector | Photodiode + Filter | |
| Measurement principle | | Fluorescence | |
| Parameters | | Chlorophyll a [$\mu\text{g/L}$] | |
| | | or phycocyanin [$\mu\text{g/L}$] | |
| | | or CDOM [$\mu\text{g/L}$] | |
| | | or tryptophan [$\mu\text{g/L}$] | |
| | | or rhodamine [$\mu\text{g/L}$] | |
| Measurement range | | See parameter list p. 112 | |
| Detection limits | | See parameter list p. 112 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | +/- (5 % + Detection limit) | |
| Turbidity compensation | | No | |
| Data logger | | No | |
| Reaction time T90 | | 6 s (default) | |
| Smallest measuring interval | | 3 s (default) | |
| Interface | digital | RS-485, Modbus RTU | |
| | analog | 4...20 mA (default) | |
| | | 0 – 5 V | |
| | | 0 – 10 V | |
| Power consumption | typical | max. 0.6 W | |
| | with activated analog interface | max. 1.1 W | |
| | Power-Down | max. 70 mW | |
| Power supply | | 12 – 24 VDC ($\pm 10\%$) | |
| Required supervision | | ≤ 0.5 h/month typical | |
| Calibration/ maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & USA 2 years) | |
| Housing material | | Stainless steel (1.4571/1.4404) or titanium (3.7035) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 162 mm x 48 mm | ~ 6.4" x 1.9" |
| Weight | VA | ~ 650 g | ~ 1.4 lbs |
| | TI | ~ 510 g | ~ 1.1 lbs |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | + 2...+ 40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | + 2...+ 40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | - 20...+ 80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

microFlu V2 HC

37SX0XX1X



microFlu V2 HC is a new immersion probe for measuring oil in water. The measuring principle of UV fluorescence used is many times more sensitive and specific than the conventionally used infrared scattering or absorption methods. This makes it possible to determine even the smallest traces of PAHs, e.g. in drinking water, but also in cooling water condensates. The field of application ranges from petrochemistry, leakage detection in cooling and waste water streams to environmental monitoring.

The instruments can be used stationary in manholes or in flow-through, as well as in pipelines. A nano-coating reduces the contamination of the optical measuring windows and thus reduces the required maintenance to a minimum.

microFlu V2 HC is equipped with an RS-485 interface that allows easy and fast sensor configuration via Modbus and also has an analog interface. Integration with existing process control systems and external data loggers has never been easier.

Benefits



- ◆ without sampling and sample preparation
- ◆ without delay
- ◆ without reagents
- ◆ high sensitivity and selectivity
- ◆ optical windows with nano-coating

Applications



- ◆ Surface waters
- ◆ Drinking water
- ◆ Waste water
- ◆ Airports
- ◆ Cooling water
- ◆ Desalination plants
- ◆ Refineries
- ◆ Seepage ditch
- ◆ Pipeline monitoring
- ◆ Bilge water monitoring

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Measurement technology | Light source | LED + filter | |
| | Detector | Photodiode + filter | |
| Measurement principle | | Fluorescence | |
| Parameter | | PAH, oil in water, BT [µg/L] | |
| Measurement range | | PAH: 0...5000 ppb | |
| | | Oil: 0...150 ppm typ. | |
| Detection limits | | PAH: 5 ppb | |
| | | Oil: 0.15 ppm typ. | |
| Measurement accuracy | | ±10 % FS | |
| Turbidity compensation | | No | |
| Data logger | | No | |
| Reaction time T90 | | 6 s | |
| Smallest measuring interval | | 3 s | |
| Interface | digital | RS-485, Modbus RTU | |
| | analog | 4...20 mA (default) | |
| | | 0 – 5 V | |
| | | 0 – 10 V | |
| Power consumption | typical | max. 0.6 W | |
| | with activated analog interface | max. 1.1 W | |
| | Power-Down | max. 70 mW | |
| Power supply | | 12 – 24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Required supervision | | ≤ 0.5 h/month typical | |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | | 24 months | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & USA 2 years) | |
| Housing material | | 1 year (EU & USA 2 years) | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ca. 162 mm x 48 mm | ~ 6.4" x 1.9" |
| Weight | VA | ~ 650 g | ~ 1.4 lbs |
| | TI | ~ 510 g | ~ 1.1 lbs |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~ 435 psig |
| | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | + 2...+ 40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | + 2...+ 40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | - 20...+ 80 °C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0.1...10 m/s | ~ 0.33 fps to 33 fps |

RADIOMETER

RAMSES

40SXXX010



RAMSES radiometers are spectral imaging radiometers to measure radiance, irradiance, or scalar irradiance in the UV, VIS and UV/VIS ranges. Thanks to their ultra small size and weight as well as very low power consumption, they are especially suitable for hand-held and autonomous applications. RAMSES radiometers combine precision hyperspectral light

measurements with a maximum of flexibility. The modular system increases cost-effectiveness, while the many accessories and special solutions enable a wide range of applications such as installation on ships, handheld usage or autonomous measurements in remote places, like the Arctic or Antarctica.

Benefits



- ◆ Extremely low power consumption
- ◆ Environmentally robust
- ◆ World market leader

Applications



- ◆ Water quality
- ◆ Photosynthesis
- ◆ Satellite validation
- ◆ Biology
- ◆ Field measurements
- ◆ Color measurements
- ◆ Climate research

Parameter

Measuring range → Page 40



Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|--|-----------------|---|--------------------|
| Measurement technology | Detector | High-end miniature spectrometer | |
| Measurement Principle | | 256 Channels | |
| Parameter | | Radiance or irradiance | |
| Measuring range | | See parameter list p.40 | |
| Measurement accuracy | | See parameter list p.40 | |
| T100 response time | | ≤ 10 s (burst mode) | |
| Measurement interval | | ≤ 8 s (burst mode) | |
| Housing material | | Stainless Steel (1.4571 / 1.4404) or Titanium (3.7035), POM | |
| Dimensions without IP Module, without SubConn Connector (L x Ø) | | ACC 260 mm x 48 mm | ACC ~ 10.2" x 1.9" |
| | | ARC 300 mm x 48 mm | ARC ~ 11.8" x 1.9" |
| | | ASC 245 mm x 48 mm | ASC ~ 9.6" x 1.9" |
| Dimensions with IP Modul, without connector | | ACC 284 mm x 48.5 mm | ACC ~ 11.2" x 1.9" |
| | | ARC 322 mm x 48.5 mm | ARC ~ 12.7" x 1.9" |
| Weight | Titanium | 1.25 kg | ~ 2.8 lbs |
| Interface digital | | RS-232 | |
| Data logger | | - | |
| Power consumption | | ≤ 0.85 W | |
| Power supply | | 8...12 VDC (± 3 %) | |
| Maintenance effort | | ≤ 0,5 h/month (typically) | |
| Calibration-/Maintenance Interval | | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | | RS-232 (TriOS Protocol) | |
| Warranty | | 1 Year (EU & USA : 2 Years) | |
| Max. pressure | with SubConn | 30 bar | ~435 psig |
| | DeepSea version | 100 bar | ~1450 psig |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36...+104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36...+104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+80 °C | ~ -4...+176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0...10 m/s | ~ 0...33 fps |

Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

Accessories

Systems

RADIOMETER // RAMSES

RAMSES Parameter list

*) Specifications of Carl ZEISS AG, Germany **) Integration time ***) Depends on wavelength range ****) Noise-equivalent irradiance

| | ACC-UV | ACC-VIS | ARC-VIS | ASC-VIS |
|------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| | UV A / UV B irradiance | VIS irradiance | VIS radiance | VIS scalar irradiance |
| Wavelength range* | 280...500 nm | | 320...950 nm | |
| Type Saturation (IT: 4 ms)** | 20 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 300 nm) 17 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 360 nm) 18 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) | 10 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 400 nm) 8 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) 14 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 700 nm) | 1 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ sr ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) | 20 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 400 nm) 12 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) 15 W m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 700 nm) |
| Type NEI**** (IT: 8 s) | 0.85 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 300 nm) 0.75 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 360 nm) 0.80 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) | 0.4 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 400 nm) 0.4 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) 0.6 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 700 nm) | 0.25 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ sr ⁻¹ | 0.8 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 400 nm) 0.6 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 500 nm) 0.8 µW m ⁻² nm ⁻¹ (at 700 nm) |
| Collector | Kosinus | | FOV: 7° in air | Spherical, 2 Pi |
| Accuracy | Better than 6...10% *** | | Better than 6% *** | Better than 5% *** |
| Integration time | 4 ms...8 s | | | |

| | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| Wavelength range* [nm] | 280...500 | 280...720 | 320...950 | 320...950 | 320...950 |
| Detector* | 256 Channel silicon photo diode array | | | | |
| Pixel dispersion* [nm/ pixel] | 2.2 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 |
| Wavelength accuracy* | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 0.3 |
| Usable channels | 100 | 200 | 190 | 190 | 190 |



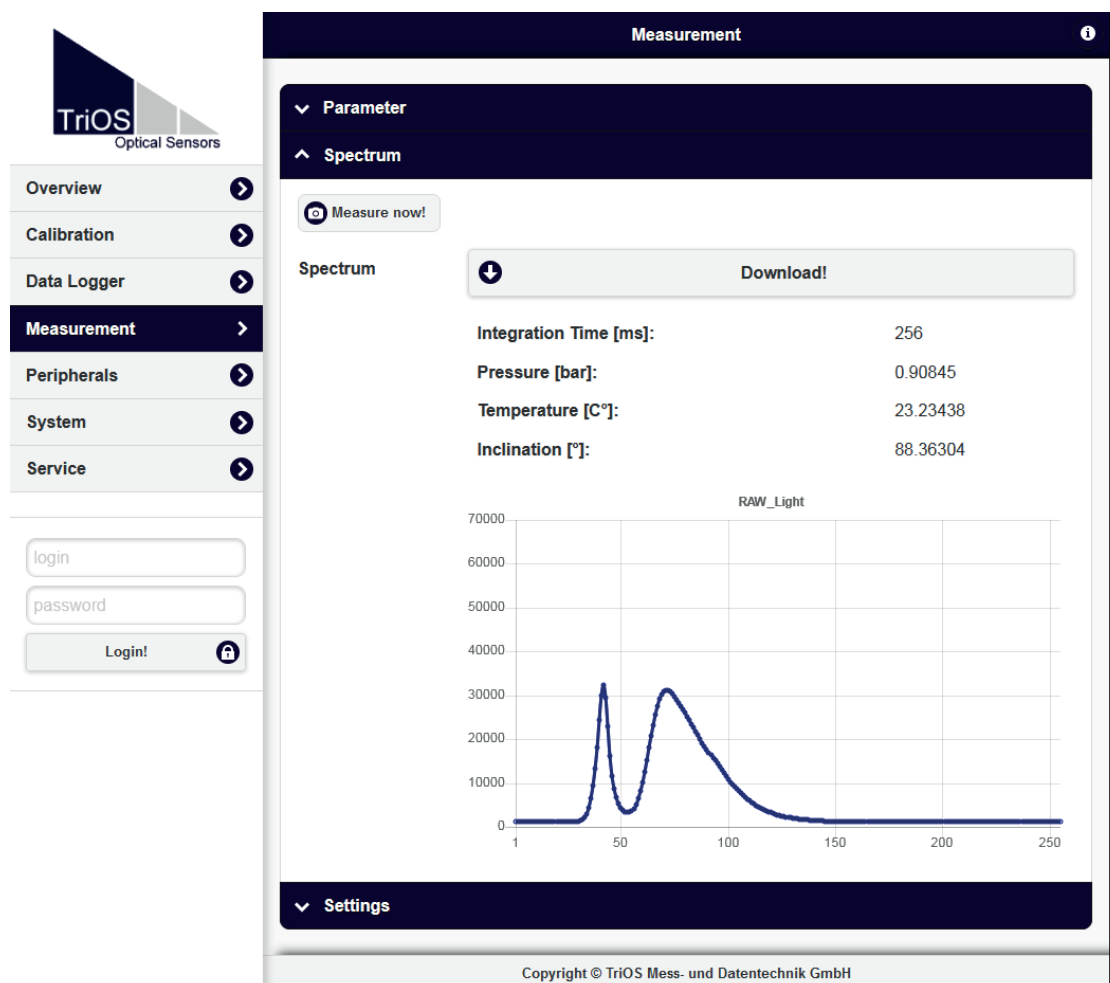
RAMSES G2

40SXXX010



By implementing the G2 extension module, the RAMSES radiometry series now also features the innovative G2 Interface and can now easily be configured by using a web-browser. The internal data logger with 2 GB storage and the comparably low power consumption provides the opportunity for a self-sufficient measurement operation without a sep-

arate controller. The addition of the Modbus RTU protocol to the interface simplifies the integration into existing PLCs and external data loggers. Additional to radiance and irradiance, the parameters inclination, pressure and temperature can be retrieved.



eCHEM

pH Sensor TpH

80S1000X0



Robust digital pH sensor for operation on TriBox controllers and. Digital communication ensures safe and trouble-free signal transmission from the sensor to the controller. The high-quality gel pH electrode has a

diaphragm and is insensitive to dirt, making the sensor ideal for wastewater applications.

Accessories

Cable: Extension cables of 0.3 m, 2 m, 10 m, 25 m | Controller: TriBox3, TriBox mini | Fittings: FlowCell

Benefits



- ◆ High-quality combination electrode with hole diaphragm and polymerised solid electrolyte
- ◆ Low maintenance
- ◆ Plug and play with TriBox controller

Applications



- ◆ Water and wastewater treatment
- ◆ Coagulation and flocculation
- ◆ Process monitoring and control
- ◆ Acid/base neutralization systems

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|
| Measurement technology | | pH electrode |
| Measurement principle | | Potentiometry |
| Parameter | | pH value, temperature |
| measuring range | pH | 0...14 pH |
| | Temperature | 0...+65 °C |
| resolution | pH | 0.01 pH |
| | Temperature | 0.1 °C |
| precision | pH | ± 0,06 pH |
| | Temperature | ± 0.5 °C |
| Intrinsic error | pH1 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH7 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH13 | ± 0.35 pH |
| Linearity measurement error | | ± 0.1 pH |

The sensor complies with DIN EN 60746-2:2003-09 and the electrodes with BS 2586:1979.

| | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Repeatability | pH1 | ± 0.1 pH |
| | pH7 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH13 | ± 0.1 pH |
| Output signal fluctuation | pH7 | ± 0.025 pH |
| | pH4 | ± 0.05 pH |
| Warm-up time | | < 5 min |
| Drift | Short-term drift 24 h | ≤ 0.03 pH |
| | Long-term drift 1 week | ≤ 0.05 pH |
| 10% time and 90% time | T10 ascending | < 2 s |
| | T10 falling | < 2 s |
| | T90 ascending | ≤ 5 s |
| | T90 falling | ≤ 5 s |
| Temperature compensation | | Pt1000 |
| Measurement interval | | 2 s |
| Housing material | | PPS / PET / NBR |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 180 x 27 mm ~ 7.1" x 1.1" |
| Weight | | 110 g ~ 0.2 lbs |
| Interface | | RS-485, Modbus RTU |
| Power consumption | | 0.2 W |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) |
| Connection | | 8-pin M12 plug |
| Sensor cable | | 2 m and 10 m |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Required supervision | | Typically ≤ 0.5 h/month | |
| Calibration / maintenance interval | | Typically 4 weeks | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) on electronics; wearing parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Max. pressure | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | -5...+55 °C | ~ +23 °F to +131 °F |
| Storage temperature | | 0...+80 °C | ~ +32 °F to +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0...3 m/second | ~ 0...10 fps |

pH Sensor Differential TpH-D

80S2000X0



Robust, digital differential pH probe for operation with TriBox controllers. The reference system of the pH electrode is separated from the measuring medium due to the closed design. This rules out electrode poisoning. A salt bridge that is insensitive to dirt reduces

the amount of cleaning required and prevents dilution of the electrolyte. As a result, the probe achieves a particularly long service life even in heavily contaminated media.

Accessories

Cable: Extension cable 0.3 m, 2 m, 10 m, 25 m | Controller: TriBox3, TriBox mini | Fittings: Flow cell

Benefits



- ◆ Communication of measurements via digital
- ◆ the differential measurement method enables a longer lifetime of the electrodes
- ◆ no moving mechanical parts
- ◆ plug and play with TriBox controller

Applications



- ◆ difficult measurement of inlets to waste water treatment plants
- ◆ Process monitoring and control

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|--|
| Measurement technology | | pH electrode with additional reference pH electrode in pH7 buffer solution |
| Measurement principle | | Potentiometry |
| Parameters | | pH value, temperature |
| Measuring range | pH | 0...14 pH |
| | Temperature | 0...+65 °C |
| Resolution | pH | 0.01 pH |
| | Temperature | 0.1 °C |
| Accuracy | pH | ± 0,06 pH |
| | Temperature | ± 0.5 °C |
| Intrinsic error | pH1 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH7 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH13 | ± 0.35 pH |

The sensor complies with DIN EN 60746-2:2003-09 and the electrodes with BS 2586:1979.

| | | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Linearity measurement error | | ± 0.1 pH |
| Repeatability | pH1 | ± 0.1 pH |
| | pH7 | ± 0.05 pH |
| | pH13 | ± 0.1 pH |
| Output signal fluctuation | pH7 | ± 0.025 pH |
| | pH4 | ± 0.05 pH |
| Warm-up time | | < 5 min |
| Drift | Short-term drift 24 h | < 0.03 pH |
| | Long-term drift 1 week | < 0.05 pH |
| 10% time and 90% time | T10 ascending | < 2 s |
| | T10 falling | < 2 s |
| | T90 ascending | ≤ 5 s |
| | T90 falling | ≤ 5 s |
| Temperature compensation | | Pt1000 |
| Measurement interval | | 2 s |
| Housing material | | PPS / PET / NBR / PVDF / ceramic junction / Viton O-ring / titanium ground electrode / pH glass |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | | ~ 225 x 32 mm ~ 8.9" x 1.3" |
| Weight | | 180 g ~ 0.4 lbs |
| Interface | | RS-485, Modbus RTU |
| Power consumption | | 0.2 W |
| Power supply | | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) |
| Connection | | 8-pin M12 plug |
| Sensor cable | | 2 m and 10 m |

| | | | |
|---|------------------|--|---------------------------|
| Required supervision | | Typically ≤ 0.5 h/month | |
| Calibration / maintenance interval | | Typically 4 weeks | |
| System compatibility | | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | | 1 year (EU&US: 2 years) on electronics; wearing parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Max. pressure | with fixed cable | 3 bar | ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in flow cell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min | ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | | +2...+40 °C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | | -5...+55 °C | ~ +23 °F to +131 °F |
| Storage temperature | | +5...+15 °C | ~ +41 °F to +59 °F |
| Inflow velocity | | 0...3 m/second | ~ 0...10 fps |

Turbidity Sensor TTurb

81SXX00XX



The TTurb is a digital sensor for optical turbidity measurement using the 90° IR scattered light method. Depending on the sensor design it can be used in pure water up to 100 FNU as well as in raw water, waste water and process water up to 1000 FNU. TTurb is available with different cable lengths (10 m or 2 m) as well as in different versions.

As an immersion sensor, the TTurb can be used directly in the measuring medium, but is also avail-

able in the FlowCell-optimized version directly with a flow cell for bypass applications. In addition, it is possible to obtain the TTurb directly in a set with the dry-standard TTurbCAL. This standard is always directly adapted to each individual instrument and thus enables precise function tests directly on site, without any reagents.

Benefits



- ◆ Reliable concentration measurements by optical methods
- ◆ Pulsed infrared scattered light procedure
- ◆ No mechanically moving parts
- ◆ Digital reading

Applications



- ◆ Measurement of turbidity in drinking water, domestic water, circulating water
- ◆ Measurement of turbidity in drinking water treatment plants with low turbidity values
- ◆ Measurement of turbidity in open waters

Parameter



**Turbidity
as NTU**

**Turbidity
as FNU**

**TSSeq as
mg/L**

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Measurement technology | LED light source | |
| | Photodiode detector | |
| Measurement principle | Nephelometry | |
| Parameters | Turbidity as NTU; Turbidity as FNU; TSSeq as mg/L | |
| Measuring range | 0...100, 0...400, 0...1000 FNU | |
| Measurement accuracy | ± (5 % + 0.5) | |
| Detection limit | 0.5 FNU for TTurb 100 | |
| | 2 FNU for TTurb 400 | |
| | 2 FNU for TTurb 1000 | |
| Measurement wavelength | 860 nm, FWHM 30 nm | |
| Reaction time T100 | 6 s | |
| Measurement interval | ≥ 3 s | |
| Housing material | PET / POM / NBR | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | 170 x 36 mm | ~ 6.7" x 1.4" |
| Weight | 0.3 kg | ~ 0.7 lbs |
| Interface | Ethernet (TCP/IP) | |
| | RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | typically < 0.9 W | |
| | with network < 1.5 W | |
| Power Supply | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 plug | |
| Required supervision | ≤ 0.5 h/month typically | |
| Calibration/ maintenance interval | 24 months | |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU&US: 2 years) on electronics; | |
| | wearing parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Max. pressure | with fixed cable | 3 bar ~ 43.5 psig |
| | in FlowCell | 1 bar, 2...4 L/min ~ 14.5 psig, 0.5 to 1 gpm |
| Protection type | IP68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | 0...+40 °C | ~ +32 °F... +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | 0...+40 °C | ~ +32 °F... +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | 0...+80 °C | ~ +32 °F... +176 °F |
| Inflow velocity | maximum 0.1 m/second | maximum ~ 0.33 fps |

The sensor meets requirements of DIN EN ISO 7027-1:2016-11.

Conductivity Sensor

90S4301X0



Digital sensor to measure conductive conductivity especially in pure media, for operation on TriBox controllers. The digital technology ensures secure

and interference-free signal transmission from the sensor to the controller.

Benefits



- ◆ Reliable conductivity measurement with two conductive graphite electrodes and temperature compensation
- ◆ PVC sensor housing and graphite electrodes
- ◆ No mechanically moving parts
- ◆ Immediate installation and easy maintenance

Applications



- ◆ Measurement of conductivity in the outflow of wastewater treatment plants
- ◆ Measurement of conductivity in industrial and water circuits

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Measurement technology | Conductivity | |
| Measurement principle | Conductivity with two graphite electrodes | |
| Parameters | Conductivity | |
| Measurement range | 0.00 µS... 20000 µS | |
| Measurement accuracy | ±0.5 µS at 20 µS | |
| | ± 5 µS at 200 µS | |
| | ± 50 µS at 2000 µS | |
| | ± 500 µS at 20000 µS | |
| Response time | T90 < 60s | |
| Temperature compensation | Via NTC | |
| Housing material | PVC housing, graphite electrodes | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | 220 mm x 33 mm | ~ 8.7" x 1.3" |
| Interface | RS-485 Modbus RTU | |
| Power supply | 12...24 VDC | |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 connector, cable length 2 m or 10 m | |
| Maintenance interval | 2 years | |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) on electronics; wear parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Process pressure | 10 bar | ~ 145 psig |
| Calibration method | One-point calibration with standard measuring solution | |
| Process temperature | 0...50°C | ~ +32 °F to +122 °F |

Conductivity Inductive

90S4401X0



The inductive conductivity sensor has 2 toroidal coils which are housed in a plastic casing and therefore do not come into contact with the surrounding solution. For this reason, it is physically impossible for the sensor surface to become soiled, coated or contaminated.

Since the inductive conductivity sensor does not determine the conductivity via electrodes, but via

electrical fields, no polarization effects occur. Thus the sensor provides more accurate measurement results, especially for measurement media with high conductivities.

The sensor housing is made of Noryl, which is extremely resistant to chemicals.

Benefits



- ◆ No contamination, coating or pollution of the sensor surface
- ◆ No polarization effects
- ◆ Low maintenance requirement

Anwendungen



- ◆ Waste Water

Parameter



Conductivity

temperature

Technical Specifications



| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Measurement technology | Change of inductance |
| Measurement principle | Change of inductance with two toroidal coils |
| Parameter | Conductivity |
| Measuring range | 0.5 mS/cm – 2000 mS/cm |
| Measurement accuracy | ± (2% + 20 µS/cm) |
| Drift | 0.1 % / Year |
| Turbidity compensation | No |
| Temperature compensation | Via NTC |
| Data Logger | No |
| Response time | T90, depending on equilibrium |
| Measurement interval | 10 seconds |
| Material Housing | Noryl |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | 119 mm x 52 mm |
| Weight | 0.1 kg |
| Interface | RS-485 Modbus RTU (Baud rate = 9600) |
| Power consumption | < 75 mW |
| Power supply | 7 – 40 VDC |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 connector |
| Maintenance effort | ≤ 0.5 h/month typical |
| Maintenance interval | 24 Months |
| Calibration method | Two-point calibration in air and with standard measuring solution during initial installation, followed by validation |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU |
| Warranty | 1 year, EU & USA: 2 years |
| Max. pressure With fixed cable | 10 bar |
| Protection type | IP68 |
| Temperature Sample | -10 °C ... +70 °C (max. 85 °C) |
| Ambient | -10 °C ... +70 °C (max. 85 °C) |
| Storage | -20 °C ... +80 °C |
| Inflow velocity | Max. 3 m/s, Steady and constant flow |

Dissolved Oxygen Sensor

90S53X1X0



The oxygen sensor uses luminescence-based optical measurement technology and measures reliably and precisely. The low maintenance and small amount of consumable materials needed by the sensor provide immediate returns on investment.

Only the membrane cap must be replaced every two years. The sensor can also be used in applications with a very weak water flow. The oxygen sensor is available with a 10-meter or a 2-meter cable.

Benefits



- ◆ Low operation costs thanks to low maintenance (no electrolyte replacement)
- ◆ Larger calibration interval thanks to low deviations
- ◆ No polarisation voltage necessary
- ◆ Fast response time

Applications



- ◆ Measurement of dissolved oxygen in surface water, aquaculture, seawater and drinking water and wastewater plants

Parameter



dissolved
oxygen

tempera-
ture

Technical Specifications



Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

Accessories

Systems

| | | |
|---|--|------------------------|
| Measurement principle | Luminescence | |
| Parameters | Dissolved oxygen | |
| Measurement range | 0...20 mg/L 0...20 ppm 0...200 % | |
| Measurement accuracy | ± 0.1 mg/L ± 0.1 ppm ± 1 % | |
| Resolution | 0.01 | |
| Reaction time | 90% of the value in less than 60 seconds | |
| Measurement interval | > 5 s | |
| Inflow velocity | No movement necessary | |
| Temperature compensation | Via NTC (compensation active for temperatures below 0 °C) | |
| Measurement range (temperature) | 0...+50 °C | |
| Resolution (temperature) | 0.01 °C | |
| Accuracy (temperature) | 0.5 °C | |
| Membrane cap | No cross-sensitivity with: pH 1...14 ; CO ₂ , H ₂ S, SO ₂ Cross-sensitivity with organic solvents such as acetone, toluene, chloroform dichloromethane (methylene chloride) or chlorine gas | |
| Material | Standard version with passivated stainless steel (316L) housing, cap and screws; For seawater applications with titanium housing, cap and screws Cable: polyurethane casing; Cable grommet: polyamide Patch with active substance (black) - membrane: silicon for optical insulation | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | 146 mm x 25 mm | ~ 5.7" x 1" |
| Weight | stainless steel | ~ 450 g ~ 1 lbs |
| | titanium | ~ 300 g ~ 0.7 lbs |
| Interface | RS-485 (Modbus RTU) | |
| Power consumption | 1 W | |
| Power supply | 12 V (± 10 %) | |
| Sensor cable | 2 m and 10 m | ~ 6.6 ft and ~ 32.8 ft |
| Calibration/maintenance interval | 2 years | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) on electronics; wear parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Max. pressure | 5 bar | ~ 72.5 psig |
| Protection type | IP 68 | NEMA 6P |
| Sample temperature | 0...+50 °C | ~ +32 °F... +122 °F |
| Ambient temperature | 0...+50 °C | ~ +32 °F... +122 °F |
| Storage temperature | -10...+60 °C | ~ +14 °F... +140 °F |

Free Chlorine Sensor

90S21000X



The chlorine sensor from the eCHEM sensors product range is an electrochemical sensor for measuring the chlorine concentration in water. This sensor detects free chlorine from inorganic chlorine products (chlorine gas, hypochlorite, etc.). The measuring

method has a reduced pH dependency, so that pH fluctuations only have a limited impact on the measurement signal. pH value increases only lead to an approximately 10% reduction of the measuring signal per pH unit.

Benefits



- ◆ Stable signals even with fluctuating pH values
- ◆ Abrasive particles are tolerated
- ◆ Surfactants are partially tolerated

Applications



- ◆ Swimming pools, drinking water, seawater

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| Measurement technology | Membrane-covered, amperometric potentiostatic 3-electrode system | |
| Measurement principle | Amperometry | |
| Parameters | Free chlorine with reduced pH dependency | |
| Measurement range | 0...2 mg/L, 0...20 mg/L | |
| Accuracy | Measuring range 2 mg/L: at 0.4 mg/L & 1.6 mg/L < 1% Measuring range 20 mg/L: at 4 mg/L < 1% at 16 mg/L < 3 % | |
| Response time | T90: approx. 2 min | |
| Running-in period | Approx. 2 h prior to initial operation | |
| Drift | approx. -1 % per month | |
| Temperature compensation | Automatic through integrated temperature sensor; Temperature jumps must be avoided | |
| Housing material | Micro-porous hydrophilic membrane, UPVC, stainless steel 1.4571 | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | Approx. 205 mm x approx. 25 mm | ~ 8.1" x 1" |
| Interface | RS-485, Modbus RTU | |
| Power supply | 9...30 VDC | |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 plug | |
| Maintenance interval | typically once per week | |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) on electronics; wear parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Process pressure | 1 bar, no pressure shocks or vibrations, with retaining ring | ~ 14.5 psig |
| Calibration method | Determination of chlorine with DPD-1 method | |
| Process temperature | 0...+45 °C (no ice crystals in the test water) | ~ +32 °F... +113 °F |
| Flow rate | Approx. 15...30 L/h in FLC-3, minimum flow dependence exists | |
| pH range | pH 4...pH 9, reduced pH dependence | |
| Conductivity | 10 µS/cm...50 mS/cm (sea water) | |
| Cross influences | Combined chlorine increases measured value | |

Chlorine Dioxide Sensor

90SX20000



The chlorine dioxide sensor from the eCHEM sensors product range is an electrochemical sensor for measuring the chlorine dioxide concentration in water. The range of application of the sensor covers almost all water qualities and treatments (e.g. bottle

washing machine, CIP system, rinser). It can also be used in seawater. Thanks to a special membrane system, the sensor is particularly resistant to chemicals and surfactants.

Benefits



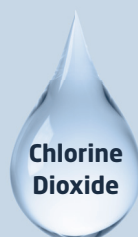
- ◆ Surfactants are partially tolerated
- ◆ Abrasive particles are tolerated
- ◆ Higher temperatures are possible

Applications



- ◆ All types of water treatment

Parameter



Chlorine
Dioxide

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--------------------|
| Measurement technology | Membrane-covered, amperometric 2-electrode system | |
| Measurement principle | Amperometry | |
| Parameters | Chlorine Dioxide | |
| Measurement range | 0...2 mg/L, 0...20 mg/L | |
| Accuracy | Measuring range 2 mg/L: at 0.4 mg/L & 1.6 mg/L < 1 % Measuring range 20 mg/L: at 1.5 mg/L < 0.1 % | |
| Response time | T90: approx. 1 min | |
| Running-in period | Approx. 2 h prior to initial operation | |
| Drift | Approx. -1 % per month | |
| Temperature compensation | Automatic through integrated temperature sensor; Temperature jumps must be avoided | |
| Housing material | Micro-porous hydrophilic membrane, UPVC, stainless steel 1.4571 | |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | Approx. 205 mm x approx. 25 mm | ~ 8.1" x 1" |
| Interface | RS-485, Modbus RTU | |
| Power supply | 9...30 VDC, max. 56 mA | |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 plug | |
| Maintenance interval | typically once a week measuring signal check, membrane cap change & electrolyte change depending on application | |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) on electronics; wear parts are excluded from the warranty | |
| Process pressure | 1 bar, no pressure shocks or vibrations, operation with retaining ring | ~ 14.5 psig |
| Calibration method | Determination of chlorine with DPD-1 method | |
| Process temperature | 0...+50 °C (no ice crystals in the test water) | ~ +32 °F...+122 °F |
| Flow rate | Approx. 15...30 L/h in FLC-3, minimum flow dependence exists | |
| pH range | pH 1...pH 12, reduced pH dependence | |
| Conductivity | 10 µS/cm...50 mS/cm (sea water) | |
| Cross influences | Cl ₂ does not interfere; O ₃ : factor 25 | |

Total Chlorine Sensor

90SX30000



The chlorine sensor from the eCHEM sensor product range is an electrochemical sensor for measuring the chlorine concentration in water. The sensor measures the concentration of total chlorine in a sample created by adding inorganic chlorine products (e.g. chlorine gas, sodium hypochlorite solution, calcium hypochlorite solution). The measuring

method has a reduced pH dependency, so that pH value fluctuations only have a minor influence on the measuring signal. By regularly replacing the electrolyte and the membrane cap, the sensor performance can be guaranteed and ensured over a longer period of time.

Benefits



- ◆ Stable signals even with variable pH values
- ◆ Surfactants are partially tolerated

Applications



- ◆ Swimming pools, drinking water, seawater, brine water (15% NaCl)

Parameter



Technical Specifications



| | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Measurement technology | Membrane-covered, amperometric potentiostatic 3-electrode system |
| Measuring principle | Amperometry |
| Parameter | Total chlorine (free chlorine + combined chlorine) with reduced pH dependence |
| Measurement range | 0...2 mg/L; 0...20 mg/L |
| Accuracy* | Measuring range 2 mg/L: <2% at 0.4 mg/L and 1.6 mg/L Measuring range 20 mg/L: <1% at 4 mg/L and <3% at 16 mg/L |
| Application | Swimming pools, drinking water, seawater, brine water (15% NaCl), Surfactants are partially tolerated |
| Suitable chlorinating agents | Inorganic chlorine compounds: NaOCl (=chlorine bleach), Ca(OCl) ₂ , chlorine gas, electrolytically produced chlorine |
| Resolution | Measuring range 2 mg/L: 0.001 mg/L Measuring range 20 mg/L: 0.01 mg/L |
| Response time | T90: approx. 3 minutes (brine water approx. 5 minutes) |
| Running-in time | Approx. 2 hours for initial start-up |
| Slope drift | approx. -1 % per month |
| Temperature compensation | Automatically, through an integrated temperature sensor, temperature jumps are to be avoided |
| pH range | pH 4 - pH 12, with reduced pH dependence |
| Conductivity | 10 µS/cm - 200 µS/cm (brine water) |
| Zero point determination | Not necessary |
| Slope calibration | On the unit by analytical chlorine determination, DPD-4 method (DPD-1 + DPD-3) |
| Cross-sensitivities | ClO ₂ : factor 1; O ₃ : factor 1.3; Corrosion inhibitors and water hardness stabilisers can cause measurement errors. |
| Absence of the disinfectant | Max. 24 hours |
| Material | Microporous hydrophilic membrane, PVC-U, PEEK, stainless steel (1.4571) |
| Dimensions (L x Ø) | approx. 205 mm x 25 mm |
| Weight | 1.1 kg |
| Interface | RS-485, Modbus RTU |
| Power supply / electronics** | 9 - 30 VDC, approx. 56 - 20 mA |
| Connection | 8-pin M12 connector |
| Maintenance effort | Weekly control of the measuring signal recommended Depending on the water quality, the membrane cap and the electrolyte should be replaced once a year |
| System compatibility | Modbus RTU |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & USA: 2 years) on electronics; Wear parts are excluded from the warranty |

| | | |
|------------------------|--------------|---|
| Max. Pressure | | 3 bar, no pressure surges and/or vibrations, with circlip |
| Inflow velocity | | approx. 15 - 30 l/h in FlowCell |
| Temperature | Transport | +5...+50 °C (sensor, electrolyte, membrane cap) |
| | Sample | 0...+45 °C (there must be no ice crystals in the measuring water) |
| | Ambient | 0...+55 °C |
| Storage | Sensor | can be stored dry and without electrolyte for an unlimited period at +5...+40 °C |
| | Electrolyte | in original container in the dark at +5...+ 35 °C one year (after production, please note expiry date) |
| | Membrane cap | Can be stored in original packaging for an unlimited period at +4...+40°C (used caps cannot be stored). |

* After calibration at repeat conditions (25 °C, pH 7.2 in drinking water) from full scale value

** Electronics is completely electrically isolated; digital internal measured value processing



CONTROLLER

CONTROLLER // TriBox3

TriBox3

10C000000



TriBox3 is a measurement and control system for all TriOS sensors. The unit offers 4 sensor channels with selectable RS-232 or RS-485 interface. In addition to Modbus-RTU, various other protocols are available. A built-in valve allows the use of a compressed air purge for the sensors. In addition, the TriBox3 offers various interfaces, including an IEEE 802.3 Ethernet interface, an IEEE 802.11 b/g/n interface, a USB connection and

6 analogue outputs (4...20 mA). An integrated relay can be used to trigger alarms or control external devices. Low power consumption, a robust aluminium housing and a range of interfaces make the TriBox3 ideal for all applications in environmental monitoring, drinking water, waste water treatment plants and many other areas.

Benefits



- ◆ open Modbus RTU communication
- ◆ for all digital TriOS sensors
- ◆ cost-effective alternative to analogue measuring points
- ◆ integrated data logger with service logbook
- ◆ WiFi for communication
- ◆ USB interface
- ◆ TCP/IP interface
- ◆ Modbus RTU server
- ◆ also available without WiFi

Technical Specifications



| | |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Voltage supply | 100...240 VAC, 50...60 Hz, 12...24 VDC (± 5%) |
| Power consumption | Type: 6 W, max: 50 W |
| Protection class | 1 |
| Overtoltage category | II |
| Connection | 4 M12 industrial connectors for TriOS sensors |
| Standard | RS-232, RS-485 |
| Protocol | Modbus-RTU, TriOS |
| Server RTU | yes (on each sensor connector) |
| Client RTU | yes (on each sensor connector) |
| Parameters | Adjustable (default: 9600-8-N-1) |

| | | |
|--|---|--|
| Server TCP | yes | |
| TCP port | Adjustable (default: 502) | |
| Standard | Ethernet, WiFi based on IEEE 802.11b/g/n | |
| Connection | 1 RJ-45 integrated WiFi antenna (for TriBox3 with WiFi) | |
| Protocol | TCP/IP, Modbus TCP, VNC | |
| Web interface | no | |
| USB | USB 2.0 (Host), USB-A socket | |
| Analog Output | 6 analogue outputs, configurable: 4...20 mA | |
| Load | max. 500 Ω | |
| Connection terminals | 1.5 mm ² | 16 AWG |
| Error indicator | 0 mA | |
| Measurement trigger | Trigger for global measurement (galvanically isolated), Control voltage: 12...24 VDC (± 5%) Connection terminal: 1.5 mm ² (AWG 16) | |
| Control voltage | no | |
| Electrical specification | 1 x relay changeover contact (SPDT) / 250 VAC, 2 A / 30 VDC, 2 A | |
| Connection terminals | max. 2.5 mm ² | max. 14 AWG |
| Valve | integrated, max. air pressure: 5 bar | |
| Display | 7" capacitive touch-display (800x480 pixels) | |
| LED | 5 status LEDs | |
| Storage medium | internal 2 GB microSD card, direct logging to USB stick possible. | |
| Data Export | via USB 2.0 Host | |
| Operating temperature | -10...+50 (with pre-installed mains power cable +5...+40 °C) | ~ +14 °F to +122 °F (with pre-installed mains power cable +41...+104 °F) |
| Storage temperature | -20...+70 °C | ~ -4 °F to +158 °F |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95 % (not condensing) | |
| Protection type | IP65 | NEMA 4X |
| Pollution level | 2 | |
| Dimensions (width x height x depth) | 280 x 170 x 94 mm | ~ 11" x 6.7" x 3.7" |
| Weight | 3.7 kg | ~ 8.2 lbs |
| Materials | Housing: aluminium die-cast alloy, front panel: acrylic glass (PMMA) | |

TriBox mini / NET

20C000000 & 20C100000



Digital 2-channel controller with 2 digital sensor inputs and two 4...20 mA outputs. The digital 2-channel controller is compatible with all digital TriOS sensors.

All of the measured values and diagnostics data that are saved can be selected using an integrated web browser.

Benefits



- ◆ Open Modbus RTU communication für alle digitalen TriOS-Sensoren
- ◆ For all digital TriOS sensors with Modbus communication
- ◆ Low-cost alternative to analogue measuring points
- ◆ Integrated data logger with service logbook
- ◆ optional WiFi for communication via web browser

Technical Specifications



| | |
|--------------------------|---|
| Voltage supply | 100...240 VAC, 50...60 Hz, 10...15 VDC |
| Power consumption | Typ: 2 W, max.: 40 W |
| Connection | 2 M12 industrial connectors for TriOS sensors |
| Standard | RS-232, RS-485 |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU, TriOS |
| Server RTU | no |
| Client RTU | yes (on each sensor connector) |
| Parameters | Adjustable (default: 9600-8-N-1) |

Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|--|--------------------|---|---|
| Standard | TB mini | WiFi based on IEEE 802.11b/g/n | |
| | TB mini NET | Ethernet based on IEEE 802.3i | |
| Connection | TB mini | Built-in WiFi antenna | |
| | TB mini NET | COM2 sensor interface (right) with M12→RJ45 cable | |
| Protocol | | TCP/IP | |
| Web interface | | yes | |
| USB | | no | |
| Analog output | | 2 analog outputs, configurable 4...20 mA | |
| Load | | max. 500 Ω | |
| Connection terminals | | 1.5 mm ² | 16 AWG |
| Error indicator | | no | |
| Measurement trigger | | no | |
| Control voltage | | 12 VDC (only for TriOS accessories) terminal: max. 2.5 mm ² | 12 VDC (only for TriOS accessories), terminal: max. 14 AWG |
| Electrical specification | | 1 relay changeover contact (SPDT) / 250 VAC, 2 A / 30 VDC, 2 A | |
| Connection terminals | | max. 2.5 mm ² | max. AWG 14 |
| Valve | | Optional: external connection possible | |
| Display | | 3.5 inch capacitive touch display (320x240 pixels) | |
| LED | | 5 status LEDs | |
| Storage medium | | Internal 2 GB microSD card | |
| Data export | TB mini | Via WiFi (compressed tar file) | |
| | TB mini NET | via Ethernet (compressed tar file) | |
| Operating temperature | | 0...+40 °C | ~ +32 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -20...+70 °C | ~ -4 °F to +158 °F |
| Relative air humidity | | 0...95 % (non-condensing) | |
| Protection type | | IP65 (the network cable has a lower protection class) | NEMA 4X (the network cable has a lower protection class) |
| Dimensions (width x height x depth) | | 150 x 139 x 80 mm | ~ 5.9" x 5.5" x 3.2" |
| Weight | | 1.6 kg | ~ 3.5 lbs |
| Materials | | Housing: Aluminium die-cast alloy Front panel: acrylic glass (PMMA) | |

DRY STANDARDS

SolidCAL

20AXX000X



The SolidCAL solid secondary standard enables fast function and calibration checks of the TriOS enviroFlu-HC fluorometer for PAH detection. The simple use of the standard ensures fast, accurate device verification, even on site. A standard is available for each TriOS fluorometer – for enviroFlu

HC also in different concentrations. In addition to the standard, the SolidCAL kit includes a cleaning fluid and carrier.

Technical Specifications



| | |
|---|--|
| Measurement principle | Fluorescence |
| Parameters | Polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) |
| Variants | HC2 for enviroFlu-HC 500 HC3 for enviroFlu-HC 5000 |
| Accuracy | +/- 20 % (of the respective SolidCAL HC concentration) |
| Housing material | Polyoxymethylene (POM) |
| Dimensions (H x Ø) | 40 mm x 50 mm |
| Weight | 100 g |
| Calibration / maintenance interval | After 10h (180 checks) |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU: 2 years) |
| Recommended ambient temperature during use | + 20 °C |
| Storage temperature | + 2 ... + 25 °C in the dark |

FieldCAL

20A210003



The FieldCAL secondary standard enables reliable calibration and function tests of RAMSES radiometers in the field. Thanks to the special design, radiance (ARC), as well as irradiance (ACC) sensors can be checked. An adapter used for radiance sen-

sors is included in the set. Small dimensions and a sturdy transport box make FieldCAL a useful tool for light measurements in the field.

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Wavelength range | 430...730 nm | |
| Light source | White LED with spherical diffuser | |
| Stability | Type Better than 1% after 1 minute | |
| Battery | 4 AA (not rechargeable) | |
| Operating time | Type 50 hours per battery charge | |
| Material | POM, seawater-resistant plastic | |
| Dimensions (ØxL) | 50 mm x 140 mm | ~ 2" x 5.5" |
| | 50/60 mm x 182 mm (with ACC Adapter) | ~ 2/2.4" x 7.2" (with ACC Adapter) |



DryCAL enables high-precision validation of the corresponding enviroFlu sensor. Every DryCAL corresponds precisely to a certain sensor and is calibrated to its specific properties, which significantly

increases the precision of the calibration.

The DryCAL is sold as a set with two dry calibration standards.

| Technical Specifications | | |
|---|--|---------------------|
| Measurement principle | Fluorescence | |
| Parameter | polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) | |
| Set | DryCAL-0; DryCAL-1 | |
| Housing Material | Polyoxymethylene (POM) | |
| Dimensions (HxØ) | 40 mm x 50 mm | ~ 1.6" x 2" |
| Weight | 104 g | ~ 0.2 lbs |
| Application Interval | 4 weeks | |
| Calibration- / Maintenance interval | 4-5 years, send in together with the assigned sensor | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) | |
| Recommended ambient temperature for use | + 20 °C | ~ +68 °F |
| Storage Temperature | +2 ... +25 °C in darkness | ~ +35.6 °F...+77 °F |

TTurbCAL

20A100007



The TTurbCAL is a solid matter standard, which provides an FNU value for reagent-free calibration of TriOS TTurb sensors. The standard is very easy

to use and makes device calibration on site much easier.

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|---|---|---------------------|
| Measurement principle | Nephelometry | |
| Parameter | Turbidity FNU / NTU | |
| Housing Material | PET | |
| Dimensions (HxØ) | 110 mm x 50 mm | ~ 4.3" x 2" |
| Weight | 225 g | ~ 0.5 lbs |
| Calibration- / Maintenance interval | 4-5 years, Send in with the paired sensor | |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & US: 2 years) | |
| Recommended ambient temperature for use | + 20 °C | ~ +68 °F |
| Storage Temperature | +2 ... +25 °C in darkness | ~ +35.6 °F...+77 °F |

ACCESSORIES

G2 InterfaceBox

11CX00000



The G2 InterfaceBox is available in variants with and without WiFi. G2 sensors from TriOS Mess- und Datentechnik GmbH can be configured and controlled via the interface box. This is enabled by the web in-

terface of the G2 sensors, which can be accessed via a WiFi or LAN connection. The web interface can be accessed with any browser.

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--|---|---|
| Voltage supply | 24 VDC ($\pm 10\%$) | |
| Power consumption | ≤ 1.5 W plus sensor (only the WiFi variant) | |
| Connection | 1 M12-plug for TriOS G2 sensors | |
| Standard | IEEE 802.3 | |
| Protocol | Web interface (only with G2 sensors) | |
| Analog interfaces | no | |
| Switch input/output | no | |
| Standard | IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.11 b/g/n (only the WiFi variant) | |
| Connection | 1 RJ-45 external WiFi antenna (SMA) (only the WiFi variant) | |
| Protocol | TCP/IP (only with G2 sensors) | |
| Web interface | no | |
| USB | no | |
| Data storage | no | |
| Operating temperature | 0...+40 °C | ~ +32 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | -20...+70 °C | ~ -4 °F to +158 °F |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95 % (non-condensing) | |
| Protection type | IP20 | NEMA 1 |
| Dimensions (width x height x depth) | 60 x 35 x 126 mm / 60 x 35 x 162 mm | ~ 2.4" x 1.3" x 5" / ~ 2.4" x 1.3" x 6.4" |

TTrig

12C100000



TTrig is a measurement interval switch for the TriOS G2 sensors OPUS and NICO. Due to its low standby power (<1 mW), it is ideally suited for operation with a battery as power supply. It is designed to minimize energy consumption between measurements.

The TTrig features an additional connection for commissioning and controlling a wiper (W55).

Remote or self-sufficient measuring stations can thus be operated maintenance-free for several months.

An RJ-45 Ethernet interface provides access to the sensor's G2 web interface for downloading the measurement data from the data logger with a notebook.

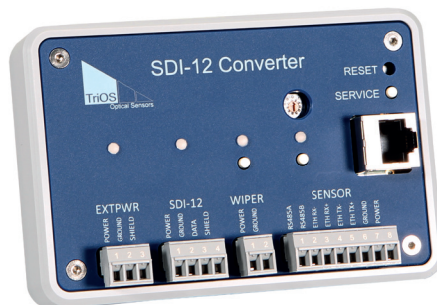
Technical Specifications



| | |
|--|---|
| Voltage supply | 12...24 VDC, max. 4A |
| Power in standby | <1mW |
| Connection | M12 for TriOS G2 sensors; 1x RJ-45 |
| Standard | RS-485 |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU |
| Analog interfaces | No |
| Connection | 1x M8 connector for wiper W55 Trigger output |
| Operating temperature | 0...+40 °C |
| Storage temperature | -10...+70 °C |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95 % (non-condensing) |
| Protection type | IP64 |
| Dimensions (width x height x depth) | 140 x 80 x 60 mm |
| Weight | 0.5 kg |

SDI-12 Converter

11C100001



The SDI-12 converter translates the Modbus protocol used by TriOS sensors into SDI-12 and thus serves as an interface between the sensors and the SDI-12 interface of the peripherals.

The SDI-12 converter translates the Modbus protocol used by TriOS sensors into SDI-12 and thus serves as an interface between the sensors and the SDI-12 interface of the peripherals. Due to its low standby power (< 20 mW) it is perfectly suited for operation with a battery as power supply. Four status

LEDs inform the user continuously about the current operation mode and power supply. Both, measurements with G2 sensors and wiper cleaning cycles can be controlled via the converter. The implemented Ethernet interface allows data export and sensor configuration via the web interface.

With three manual buttons Sensor Scan, Wiper Cleaning and Service Mode can be activated. The position of the rotary encoder determines the sensor address via which the sensor is addressed.

Technical Specifications



| | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| External power supply | Power supply | 12...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| | Connection terminal | 1.5 mm ² (AWG 16) | |
| SDI-12 Interface | Power supply | 10...24 VDC (± 10 %) | |
| | Power consumption in standby | < 20 mW | |
| | Protocol | SDI-12 | |
| Wiper Interface | Connection terminal | 1.5 mm ² (AWG 16) | |
| | Standard | W55 Wiper | |
| Sensor Interface | Connection terminal | 1.5 mm ² (AWG 16) | |
| | Standard | RS485 | |
| | Protocol | Modbus RTU | |
| Network* | Standard | Ethernet | |
| | Connection | RJ45 | |
| Operating temperature | | -10...+40 °C | ~ 14 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | | -10...+70 °C | ~ 14 °F to 158 °F |
| Relative air humidity | | 0...95 % (non-condensing) | |
| Protection type | | IP30 | NEMA 1 |

* Only available if the connected sensor has an Ethernet interface.

| | | |
|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| LED | 4x RGB Status LED | |
| Housing material | PVC, Perspex | |
| Dimensions (L x W x H) | 120 x 80 x 45mm | ~ 4.7" x 3.2" x 1.8" |
| Weight | 250 g | ~ 0.6 lbs |
| System compatibility | SDI-12 | |
| Warranty | 1 Year (EU & US: 2 Years) | |

FC68 FlowCell for enviroFlu

10A100003



The FlowCell FC68 is used for bypass installation of the enviroFlu. The measurement medium is directed through the cell, making measurement without a reagent on land possible.

FC48 FlowCell for enviroFlu

10A10000X



The FlowCell FC48 is used for bypass installations of the TriOS enviroFlu with a diameter of 48 mm.

FC48 FlowCell for Photometer

10A10000X



The FlowCell FC48 is used for bypass installations of the TriOS Photometer with a diameter of 48 mm. Different path lengths are available.

FlowCell for eCHEM Sensors

10A0X0000



The specially developed FlowCell for the eCHEM series is based on a simple, clever system. The side and base pieces of the FlowCell can be detached easily with only one turn and new modules can be added. The sensor-specific adapter pieces can also be replaced easily. Only the black attachment element is needed to attach it to the wall. The FlowCell can then simply be placed in front and attached with a bolt.

The system is designed to be modular, which means that every extension can be ordered individually and customized according to the application. This gives you complete freedom in the design of your application and you can adapt the system in just a few simple steps. The eCHEM FlowCell system is compatible with the FlowCell for turbidity.



FlowCell for nanoFlu

10A090000



FlowCell for Turbiditysensors

10A050000



A specialized FlowCell was developed for the sensors of the turbidity series to minimise reflections. This design maximises the precision of the measurements. This FlowCell is compatible with the FlowCell for eCHEM sensors and the nanoFlu FlowCell.

Sedimenter

02A100011



The sedimenter is a flow-through device for use in turbid water. The sample is passed through the sedimenter without pre-filtering. The sensor can also be installed in the sedimenter equipped with a wiper.

Suitable for OPUS, NICO, enviroFlu & microFlu. Version for LISA, LISA color and VIPER on request.

Technical Specifications



| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| Measuring device | Suitable for OPUS, NICO, enviroFlu & microFlu with and without wiper. Version for LISA, LISA color and VIPER on request. |
| Pressure range | Unpressurised, open drain |
| Material | PVC |
| Dimensions | Installation plate for wall mounting: 800 mm x 495 mm |
| Weight | Sediment incl, wall plate only: 14.7 kg |



Wiper W55 V2

02A100008 • 02A100X18



Der TriOS Wischer W55 V2 bietet eine zusätzliche Reinigungsoption für alle TriOS Photometer mit Pfadlängen von 1 mm bis zu 10 mm. Das Wischergehäuse kann in wenigen Schritten am Sensor montiert werden und bietet eine zuverlässige Reinigung der Messfenster. Die neue Magnetsicherung der Achse erlaubt einen schnellen und leichten Wischerblattwechsel, ganz ohne Werkzeug.

Die neue Version des Wischers verfügt nun über eine Blockierungserkennung und -beseitigung und einen Service-Modus, der durch regelmäßige Anwendung die Lebensdauer des Wischers erhöht. Das Zubehörteil kann zudem auch in Seewasser bis zu einer Tiefe von 10m eingesetzt werden.

Technical Specifications



| | |
|--|---|
| Path lengths | 1 mm, 2 mm, 5 mm, 10 mm |
| Control port | 4-pin M8-plug A suitable M8 connection cable with open end is included in the scope of delivery. |
| Trigger input | 5 – 24 VDC ($\pm 10\%$) |
| Power consumption trigger input | 2...15 mA |
| Operating time (max.) | 3 Seconds |
| Dimensions L x Ø | 175 mm x 80 mm |
| Weight | 0.52 kg |
| Material | NBR, POM, TPE (PP, EPDM), Titanium, V4A |
| Power supply | 12 – 24 VDC ($\pm 10\%$) |
| Power consumption | approx. 2 – 6 W in operation; max. 0.75 W in standby |
| Maintenance effort | ≤ 0.5 h/month typical |
| Maintenance interval | depending on application |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & USA : 2 years) |
| Max. Pressure | 1 bar |
| Protection Type | IP68 |
| Inflow velocity | up to 10 m/s |
| Operating temperature | +2...+40 °C |
| Storage temperature | -10 °C...+70 °C |

AirShot2

02A100010



The compact pressured air cleaning system AirShot2 works with pressured air pulses instead of a continuous air flow, thus reducing the required amount of air significantly and enabling a very compact design.

Furthermore the pressure pulses perform a more effective cleaning than continuous air flow systems, making the AirShot2 a valuable addition to every

system. AirShot2 can be used as an alternative to a standard compressor and can be operated with a TriBox3.

The cleaning process of the AirShot2 requires only 10 seconds. It can be triggered at a minimum interval of 5 minutes.

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| Voltage supply | 230 V Version 110 V Version | 230 VAC, max. 200 W, 0.86 A |
| | | 110 VAC, max. 200 W, 1.8 A |
| Connection | | for 6 mm hoses (4 mm inner diameter) |
| Power cable length | | 3 m |
| Control line length | | 5 m |
| Trigger Input | | 12...24 VDC, M8 4-Pin |
| Wiper Output | | M8 4-Pin |
| LED | | 3 x Status LED |
| Temperature Impulse Box | | -5...+40 °C |
| Temperature Compressor | | -10...+40 °C |
| Protection type | | IP44 |
| Size w/h/d | | 190 x 260 x 125 mm and 90 x Ø46 mm |
| Weight | | 4.4 kg |
| Housing | | Polycarbonate |
| Standard | | 10 s every 5 min |
| Max. Pressure | | 7 bar |

Solenoid Valve V2 for TriBox mini 03A000003



The TriBox mini supports operation of an external, controllable valve for the purposes of water or compressed-air cleaning. All Solenoid Valve V2 settings can be configured via the TriBox mini menu („Mea-

surement & Cleaning“, sub-item „Cleaning“).

The Solenoid Valve V2 can be installed very easily. It has four 5.3 mm holes for installation.

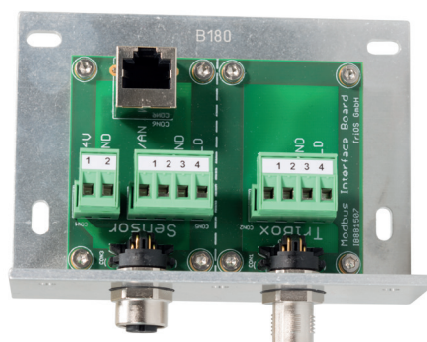
Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Dimensions | 110 x 97 x 55 mm | ~ 4.3" x 3.8" x 2.2" |
| Weight | ~ 0.6 kg | ~ 1.3 lbs |
| Max. pressure | 5 bar | ~ 72.5 psig |
| Voltage supply | 12 VDC | |
| Power consumption | 3 W | |
| Connection | for 6 mm hoses (4 mm inner diameter) | for ~0.23" hoses (~0.16" inner diameter) |
| Housing | Die-cast aluminium alloy | |
| Protection type | IP65 | NEMA 4X |
| Cables | 1.5 m connector cable with M8 plug | ~ 4.9 ft connector cable with M8 plug |
| Temperature | 2...+40 °C | ~ 35.6 °F to +104 °F |

Modbus Interface Board

07A000000



The Modbus interface controls the sensor interfaces of the TriBox3, TriBox Mini or the TriOS G2 sensors with connectors, providing simple, flexible connection options. The TriBox is connected via a standard M12 extension cable. TriOS G2 sensors with M12 connectors can be connected directly. To operate the sensors, a power supply must be connected to the

interface, which is connected directly to the sensor. Additional mounting holes in the aluminium L profile make installation easy.

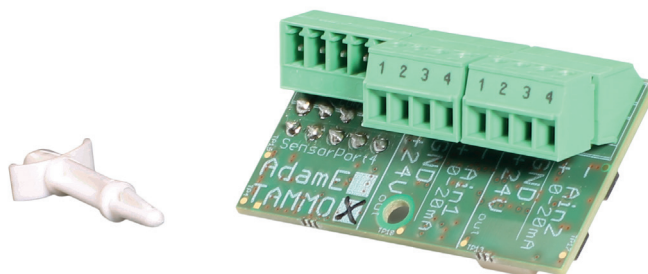
Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--|---|----------------------|
| Voltage supply | 12...24 VDC (+/- 10%), only required for operation with sensors 2 pin PCB plug connector | |
| G2 sensor connector | 1 M12 built-in socket | |
| G2 sensor serial tap | 4 pin PCB plug connector | |
| G2 sensor network tap | 1 RJ-45 socket, standard: IEEE 802.3i (10BaseT) | |
| TriBox connection | 1 M12 built-in plug, connection via standard M12 extension | |
| TriBox serial tap | 4 pin PCB plug connector | |
| Operating temperature | 0...+40 °C | ~ +32 °F to +104 °F |
| Storage temperature | -20...+70 °C | ~ -4 °F to +158 °F |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95 % (non-condensing) | |
| Protection type | IP10 | NEMA 1 |
| Dimensions (width x height x depth) | 110 x 40 x 95 mm | ~ 4.3" x 1.6" x 3.7" |
| Weight | 180 g | ~ 0.4 lbs |
| Material | Aluminium | |

TAMMO

07A000001



TAMMO is an expansion module for TriBox3, which converts analog signals to RS-485 Modbus RTU protocol. The analog to Modbus module provides a

total of two current inputs, where both the parameter and the unit for two parameters can be set.

Technical Specifications



| | |
|------------------------------|--|
| Power supply | 12 V / 24 V (done by TriBox3) |
| Power consumption | < 100 mW |
| Connection terminal | 1.5 qmm (AWG 16) |
| Standard | RS-485 |
| Protocol | Modbus RTU |
| Analog input | 2x current input: 4-20 mA (default setting in TriBox3) 0-20 mA (configurable at TriBox3) |
| Measurement accuracy | ± 0,2 % of Full Scale Range |
| Measurement rate | ~ 60 SPS |
| Connection terminal | 1.5 qmm (AWG 16) |
| Operating temperature | -10...+50 °C |
| Storage temperature | -20...+70 °C |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95 % (non-condensing) |
| Protection type | IP00 |
| Dimensions L/W/H | 59x32x28 mm |
| Weight | 14 g |
| System compatibility | TriBox3, as of software V1.5.4 |
| Warranty | 1 year (EU & USA: 2 years) |

Float

05A000005



The TriOS float is the ideal solution for use in fluctuating water levels. The float comes with two sizes of sensor brackets so that both the TriOS photometer with its 48 mm diameter and the enviroFlu with its 68 mm diameter can be attached. One sensor at a time can be attached to the float.

TriOS also offers sensor brackets for small sensors, such as the nanoFlu (05A000006). With this, several sensors can be attached to one float.

The float stays on the surface of the water with the sensor always in the medium. The float can easily be removed from the medium by its handle to do a check or clean it. Side attachments of stainless steel cables prevent the float from being carried away.



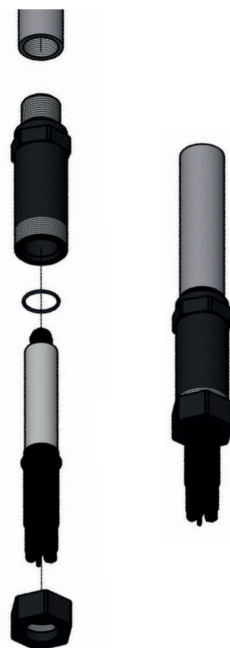
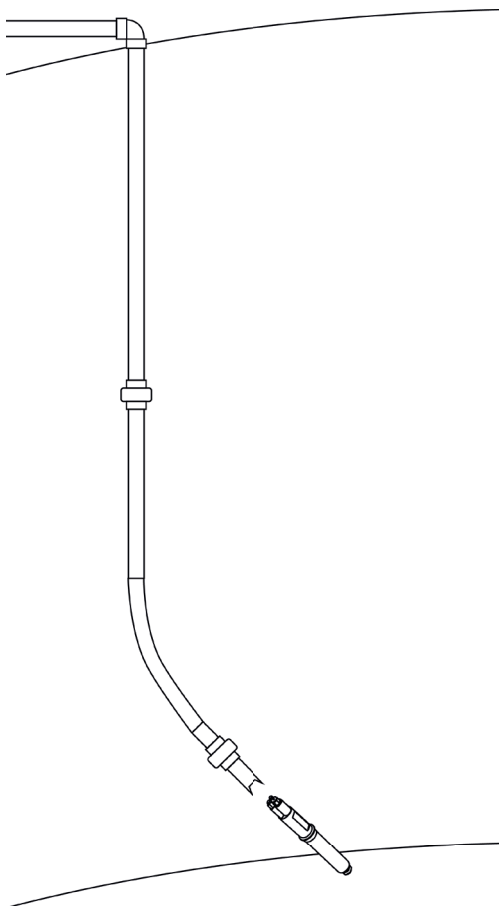
Pipe Adapter

06A0000XX



For installation in existing pipe systems, such as pool edge fixtures, TriOS offers adapter pieces with

G1 or NPT1 thread for the following sensors: TpH, TpH-D, TTurb, Conductivity, Oxygen



Telescopic Rod

12A000000



Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

Accessories

Systems



The new TriOS telescopic rod provides a solid and reliable mounting method for the TriOS dissolved oxygen sensor. The sensor is permanently mounted in the head section of the telescopic rod and can be immersed in the medium by extending the telescopic tubes to a distance of 6.8m. The rod can be held

by hand or attached to a railing or similar with the supplied double clamp. Due to the material mix of carbon and fiberglass, the rod is grippy and light at the same time.

Technical Specifications



Dimensions LxW

6800 mm x 90 mm

Weight

2.32 kg

Material

Telescopic rod: carbon fiberglass mix, bracket: aluminum



RAMSES Frames

05A000000



Hydraulic Clamps CL48 & CL68

01A100000X



Water Quality Panel

11A10000X



The modern TriOS bypass panel makes it possible to cleanly and precisely monitor water quality on site. The sensor is passed through the FlowCells and thus

analysed for various parameters. The panel can be ordered in different designs and sensor assemblies.

| | |
|-----------|---|
| 11A100002 | Water quality panel with pH, conductivity, turbidity, chlorine, TriBox mini |
| 11A100003 | Water quality panel with pH, conductivity, turbidity, chlorine, TriBox 3 |
| 11A100004 | Water quality panel with pH, conductivity, turbidity, TriBox mini |

Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

Accessories

Systems

pH Buffer Set

80P000002



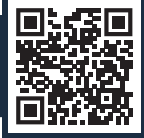
TriOS provides the necessary certified buffer solution with pH4 and pH 7 to calibrate TriOS T_{pH}-D sensors. No transfer of fluids necessary, as the containers fit directly into the calibration process.

Quick and easy calibration of all EGC Quality Analyzer sensors directly at the site. No dangerous fluids, no expertise needed! Let the wizard of the TriBox guide you through every step of the process.



Panels

11A10000X



Flange DN50 / DN80 / DN100



Compressed Air Cleaning Head for enviroFlu 02A100003



Photometer

Fluorometer

Radiometer

eCHEM

Controller

Dry Standards

Accessories

Systems

Protective cage for enviroFlu or Wiper W55

00P100005



Cuvette holder for 5mm quartz glass cuvette*

10A200000



*For all photometers: OPUS, LISA, LISA color, VIPER, NICO

VALtub for Photometer Validation*

10A30000X



*For all photometers: OPUS, LISA, LISA color, VIPER, NICO

Optics Cleaning Set

05A000004



Cable

50A0XXXX0



Sensor Connector Box 5-input M12

50A000001



SYSTEMS

EGC Water Analyzer

11A10001X



The EGC Water Analyzer is TriOS' latest development in the monitoring of various wastewater-parameters. It can be equipped with three sensors: enviroFlu for identification of polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH), TTurb for turbidity measurements and TpH-D for the determination of the pH value.

Inside the measurement cabinet is a TriBox3 to which all sensors are connected. The Ethernet interface and the analogue outputs are directly connected to the transparent connector box.

Certified by DNV and ABS!



Equipped with the enviroFlu, TTurb and TpH-D in the appropriate configuration, a TriBox3 (from software version 1.4.22) and wire rope dampers, the analyz-

er has a ship approval according to IMO regulations MEPC.259(68).

Technical Specifications



| | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Voltage supply | 100 ... 240 VAC, 50 ... 60 Hz | |
| Power consumption | Max. 50 W | |
| digital | Ethernet | |
| analogue | 6 outputs: 4...20 mA | |
| Load | max. 500 Ω | |
| Protocol | Modbus TCP/IP | |
| Parameters | PAH (MEPC.259(68)) pH (BS EN 60746-2:2003) Turbidity (DIN EN ISO 7027:2016) Temperature (of TpH-D) Flow (internal) PAH turbidity corrected | |
| Size (width x height x depth) | 600 x 800 x 337 mm | ~ 23.6" x 31.5" x 13.3" |
| Weight | 43 kg (without sensors) 45.5 kg (with sensors) | ~ 95 lbs (without sensors) ~ 100 lbs (with sensors) |
| Sample temperature | +2°C...+40°C | ~ +36 °F to +104 °F |
| Ambient temperature | 0°C...+45°C | ~ +32 °F to +113 °F |
| Storage temperature | -20°C...+80°C | ~ -4 °F to +176 °F |
| Relative air humidity | 0...95% (non-condensing) | |
| pH value | > pH4 | |
| Protection type | IP56 | NEMA 4 |
| Max. pres-sure | Inlet pres-sure | 1 to 25 bar maximum ~ 14.5 psig to 363 psig maximum |
| | Internal | max. 3 bar ~ 43.5 psig |
| Flow volume | 2...5 L/min | |
| Internal volume | Approx. 1 L | |

ANNEX

Measuring range: OPUS

| Path (mm) | Parameter | Measurement principle | Unit | Measuring range | Detection limit | Limit of determination | Precision | Accuracy* |
|-----------|----------------------------|-----------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|-----------|----------------|
| 1 | Nitrate NO ₃ -N | Spectral | mg/L | 0...100 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 0.05 | ± (5 % + 0.1) |
| | Nitrite NO ₂ -N | Spectral | mg/L | 0...150 | 0.5 | 1.2 | 0.12 | ± (5 % + 0.1) |
| | COD _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...2200*** | 30 | 100 | 10 | |
| | BOD _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...2200*** | 30 | 100 | 10 | |
| | DOC _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...1000 | 5 | 10 | 1 | |
| | TOC _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...1000 | 5 | 10 | 1 | |
| | TSS _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...1500 | 60 | 200 | 20 | |
| | KHP | Spectral | mg/L | 0...4000 | 5 | 10 | 1 | ± (5 % + 2) |
| | SAC ₂₅₄ | Single wavelength | 1/m | 0...2200 | 15 | 50 | 5 | |
| | COD-SAC _{eq} ** | Single wavelength | mg/L | 0...3200 | 22 | 73 | 7.3 | |
| | BOD-SAC _{eq} ** | Single wavelength | mg/L | 0...1050 | 7.2 | 24 | 2.4 | |
| 10 | Nitrate NO ₃ -N | Spectral | mg/L | 0...10 | 0.03 | 0.05 | 0.005 | ± (5 % + 0.01) |
| | Nitrite NO ₂ -N | Spectral | mg/L | 0...15 | 0.05 | 0.12 | 0.012 | ± (5 % + 0.01) |
| | COD _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...220*** | 3 | 10 | 1 | |
| | BOD _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...220*** | 3 | 10 | 1 | |
| | DOC _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...100 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.1 | |
| | TOC _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...100 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.1 | |
| | TSS _{eq} | Spectral | mg/L | 0...150 | 6 | 20 | 2 | |
| | KHP | Spectral | mg/L | 0...400 | 0.5 | 1 | 0.1 | ± (5 % + 0.2) |
| | SAC ₂₅₄ | Single wavelength | 1/m | 0...220 | 1.5 | 5 | 0.5 | |
| | COD-SAC _{eq} ** | Single wavelength | mg/L | 0...320 | 2.2 | 7.3 | 0.73 | |
| | BOD-SAC _{eq} ** | Single wavelength | mg/L | 0...105 | 0.72 | 2.4 | 0.24 | |

* Based on a standard calibration solution

** Based on KHP (100 mg/L COD standard solution correspond to 85 mg/L KHP)

*** Depending on composition of COD and BOD (checksum parameter)

1 mg/L NO₃-N correspond to 4.43 mg/L NO₃

1 mg/L NO₂-N correspond to 3.28 mg/L NO₂

Measuring range: VIPER

| Parameters | according to | Unit | Factor | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | 10 | 50 | 100 | 150 | 250 |
| SAC ₄₃₆ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 1...250 | 0.2...50 | 0.1...25 | 0.06...17 | 0.04...10 |
| SAC ₅₂₅ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 1...250 | 0.2...50 | 0.1...25 | 0.06...17 | 0.04...10 |
| SAC ₆₂₀ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 1...250 | 0.2...50 | 0.1...25 | 0.06...17 | 0.04...10 |
| True colour 410 | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | mg/L Pt | 18.52 | 20...3750 | 4...750 | 2...375 | 1.2...250 | 0.8...150 |
| Pt-Co color 390 | DIN EN ISO 6271:2016-05 | mg/L Pt | 7.4 | 8...1500 | 1.6...300 | 0.8...150 | 0.4...100 | 0.2...60 |
| Pt-Co-Color 455 | DIN EN ISO 6271:2016-05 | mg/L Pt | 36.4 | 40...7500 | 8...1500 | 4...750 | 2.4...500 | 1.4...300 |
| Cr-Co color 380 | - | ° (degree of colour) | 9.7 | 10.0...2000 | 2...400 | 1...200 | 0.6...130 | 0.4...80 |
| Cr-Co colour 413 | Gost 3351-74 | ° (degree of colour) | 34.1 | 40...7000 | 8...1400 | 4...700 | 2.6...450 | 1.6...275 |

* under optimum laboratory conditions

Measuring range: LISA

| Parameters | according to | Unit | Factor | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 50 |
| SAC ₂₅₄ | DIN 38404-3: 2005-07 C3 | 1/m | - | 5...1500 | 2.5...750 | 1...300 | 0.5...150 | 0.1...30 |
| COD ^{**} _{eq} | - | mg/L | 1.46 | 8...2200 | 4...1100 | 1.5...440 | 0.8...220 | 0.15...45 |
| BOD ^{**} _{eq} | - | mg/L | 0.48 | 2.5...700 | 1.25...350 | 0.5...140 | 0.25...70 | 0.05...15 |
| TOC ^{**} _{eq} | - | mg/L | 0.584 | 3...880 | 1.5...440 | 0.6...175 | 0.3...90 | 0.06...20 |
| Turbidity 530 nm | - | FAU ^{***} | 3.2054 / 0.0096 | 20...4000 | 10...1400 | 4...420 | 2...200 | 0.4...40 |

* under laboratory conditions

** based on KHP (Note: 100 mg COD standard solution is equivalent to 85 mg/L KHP)

***Formazine attenuation unit

Measuring range: LISA color

| Parameters | according to | Unit | Factor | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | 10 | 50 | 100 | 150 | 250 |
| SAC ₄₃₆ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 0.5...150 | 0.1...30 | 0.05...15 | 0.03...10 | 0.02...6 |
| SAC ₅₂₅ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 0.5...150 | 0.1...30 | 0.05...15 | 0.03...10 | 0.02...6 |
| SAC ₆₂₀ | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | 1/m | - | 0.5...150 | 0.1...30 | 0.05...15 | 0.03...10 | 0.02...6 |
| True color 410 | DIN EN ISO 7887: 2012-04 | mg/L Pt | 18.52 | 10.0...2800 | 2...560 | 1.0...280 | 0.6...185 | 0.4...110 |
| Pt-Co color 390 | DIN EN ISO 6271:2016-05 | mg/L Pt | 7.4 | 4.0...1100 | 0.8...220 | 0.4...110 | 0.3...75 | 0.2...45 |
| Pt-Co-Color 455 | DIN EN ISO 6271:2016-05 | mg/L Pt | 36.4 | 20...5500 | 4.0...1100 | 2.0...550 | 1.5...360 | 0.8...220 |
| Cr-Co color 380 | - | ° (degree of colour) | 9.7 | 5.0...1500 | 1.0...300 | 0.5...150 | 0.3...100 | 0.2...60 |
| Cr-Co color 413 | Gost 3351-74 | ° (degree of colour) | 34.1 | 20...5500 | 4.0...1100 | 2.0...550 | 1.5...360 | 0.8...220 |

* under laboratory conditions
**Formazine attenuation unit

Measuring range: NICO

| Parameters | Unit | Factor | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) | Path length (mm) |
|---------------|--------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | | 0,3 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 10 | 20 | 50 |
| Nitrate NO3-N | [mg/L] | - | 0...200 | 0...60 | 0...30 | 0...12 | 0...6 | 0...3 | 0...1.2 |
| Nitrate NO3 | [mg/L] | - | 0...886 | 0...266 | 0...133 | 0...53 | 0...26.6 | 0...13 | 0...5 |

* under laboratory conditions


Measuring range: microFlu

| Sensor Version | Parameter | Ex / Em | Measuring range | Detection limit |
|----------------|---|-----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| chl | Chlorophyll | 470 nm / 685 nm | 0 – 200 ppb | 0.05 ppb |
| chl | Chlorophyll | 470 nm / 685 nm | 0 – 500 ppb | 1 ppb |
| blue | Cyanobacteria | 620 nm / 655 nm | 0 – 200 ppb | 0.5 ppb |
| blue | Cyanobacteria | 620 nm / 655 nm | 0 – 500 ppb | 2 ppb |
| cdom | cdom (coloured dissolved organic mater) | 375 nm / 460 nm | 0 – 500 ppb | 0.25 ppb |
| TRP | Tryptophan | 275 nm / 360 nm | 0 – 500 ppb | 3 ppb |

Parameter list

| Parameter | | [mg/L] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | [µg/L] | [mg/L] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | NTU | g/L | pH | mV | µS | Oxygen | Free Chlorine | Chlorine Dioxide | Total Chlorine | °C | Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|--------|--------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|-----|-----|----|----|----|--------|---------------|------------------|----------------|----|-------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Photometer | OPUS | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ | ■ |

Compatibility table

| <div></div> | | Controller & Modules | | | | Interfaces | | | | | |
|--|-----------------------|----------------------|---------|------------------|-------|------------|------------|-------|-------|-----------|---------|
| | | TriBox Mini | TriBox3 | G2 Interface Box | SDI12 | TTRIG | Modbus RTU | RS485 | RS232 | 4 - 20 mA | 0 - 5 V |
| Photometer | OPUS | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| | OPUS aero | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| | NICO | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| | NICO plus | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| | LISA UV | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | optional | No |
| | LISA color | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | optional | No |
| | VIPER | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| Fluorometer | OSCAR | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| | enviroFlu | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | microFlu | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | nanoFlu | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| | RAMSES ACC | No | Yes | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | No | No |
| Radiometer | RAMSES ARC | No | Yes | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | No | No |
| | RAMSES ASC | No | Yes | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | No | No |
| | Turbidity | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| Nephelometrie | Turbidity clear water | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| | pH Digital | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| eCHEM | pH Digital Diff. | Yes | Yes | No | Yes | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| | Conductivity | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| | Oxygen | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| | Free Chlor | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| | Chlorine Dioxide | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |

* LISA is available in digital and analogue versions. The analogue version does not have RS232, RS485 and Modbus RTU.

